## Financial Goal Plan

## Timothy and Susan Smith



Prepared by:
Advisor Name
Financial Consultant

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SAMPLE FINANCIAL PLAN. FOR EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY

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## IMPORTANT DISCLOSURE INFORMATION

IMPORTANT: The projections or other information generated by MoneyGuidePro regarding the likelihood of various investment outcomes are hypothetical in nature, do not reflect actual investment results, and are not guarantees of future results.

The return assumptions in MoneyGuidePro are not reflective of any specific product, and do not include any fees or expenses that may be incurred by investing in specific products. The actual returns of a specific product may be more or less than the returns used in MoneyGuidePro. It is not possible to directly invest in an index. Financial forecasts, rates of return, risk, inflation, and other assumptions may be used as the basis for illustrations. They should not be considered a guarantee of future performance or a guarantee of achieving overall financial objectives. Past performance is not a guarantee or a predictor of future results of either the indices or any particular investment.
MoneyGuidePro results may vary with each use and over time.

## MoneyGuidePro Assumptions and Limitations

## Information Provided by You

Information that you provided about your assets, financial goals, and personal situation are key assumptions for the calculations and projections in this Report. Please review the Report sections titled "Personal Information and Summary of Financial Goals", "Current Portfolio Allocation", and "Tax and Inflation Options" to verify the accuracy of these assumptions. If any of the assumptions are incorrect, you should notify your financial advisor. Even small changes in assumptions can have a substantial impact on the results shown in this Report. The information provided by you should be reviewed periodically and updated when either the information or your circumstances change.

All asset and net worth information included in this Report was provided by you or your designated agents, and is not a substitute for the information contained in the official account statements provided to you by custodians. The current asset data and values contained in those account statements should be used to update the asset information included in this Report, as necessary.

## Assumptions and Limitations

MoneyGuidePro offers several methods of calculating results, each of which provides one outcome from a wide range of possible outcomes. All results in this Report are hypothetical in nature, do not reflect actual investment results, and are not guarantees of future results. All results use simplifying assumptions that do not completely or accurately reflect your specific circumstances. No Plan or Report has the ability to accurately predict the future. As investment returns, inflation, taxes, and other economic conditions vary from the MoneyGuidePro assumptions, your actual results will vary (perhaps significantly) from those presented in this Report.
All MoneyGuidePro calculations use asset class returns, not returns of actual investments. The projected return assumptions used in this Report are estimates based on average annual returns for each asset class. The portfolio returns are calculated by weighting individual return assumptions for each asset class according to your portfolio allocation. The portfolio returns may have been modified by including adjustments to the total return and the inflation rate. The portfolio returns assume reinvestment of interest and dividends at net asset value without taxes, and also assume that the portfolio has been rebalanced to reflect the initial recommendation. No portfolio rebalancing costs, including taxes, if applicable, are deducted from the portfolio value. No portfolio allocation eliminates risk or guarantees investment results.

MoneyGuidePro does not provide recommendations for any products or securities.

## IMPORTANT DISCLOSURE INFORMATION

| Asset Class Name | Projected Return <br> Assumption | Projected Standard <br> Deviation |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Cash \& Cash Alternatives | $2.25 \%$ | $1.50 \%$ |
| Cash \& Cash Alternatives <br> (Tax-Free) | $1.65 \%$ | $1.50 \%$ |
| Short Term Bonds | $3.05 \%$ | $4.00 \%$ |
| Short Term Bonds (Tax-Free) | $2.25 \%$ | $4.00 \%$ |
| Intermediate Term Bonds | $3.05 \%$ | $5.00 \%$ |
| Intermediate Term Bonds | $2.35 \%$ | $5.00 \%$ |
| (Tax-Free) | $3.05 \%$ | $12.00 \%$ |
| Long Term Bonds | $2.25 \%$ | $12.00 \%$ |
| Long Term Bonds (Tax-Free) | $6.65 \%$ | $18.00 \%$ |
| Large Cap Value Stocks | $6.45 \%$ | $18.00 \%$ |
| Large Cap Growth Stocks | $7.45 \%$ | $18.00 \%$ |
| Mid Cap Stocks | $7.25 \%$ | $22.00 \%$ |
| Small Cap Stocks | $7.25 \%$ | $19.00 \%$ |
| International Developed Stocks | $8.25 \%$ | $26.00 \%$ |
| International Emerging Stocks | $5.75 \%$ | $23.00 \%$ |
| REITs | $4.25 \%$ | $20.00 \%$ |
| Commodities | $3.68 \%$ | $0.51 \%$ |
| Fixed Index | $3.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| 3\% Fixed |  |  |

## IMPORTANT DISCLOSURE INFORMATION

## Risks Inherent in Investing

Investing in fixed income securities involves interest rate risk, credit risk, and inflation risk. Interest rate risk is the possibility that bond prices will decrease because of an interest rate increase. When interest rates rise, bond prices and the values of fixed income securities fall. When interest rates fall, bond prices and the values of fixed income securities rise. Credit risk is the risk that a company will not be able to pay its debts, including the interest on its bonds. Inflation risk is the possibility that the interest paid on an investment in bonds will be lower than the inflation rate, decreasing purchasing power.

Cash alternatives typically include money market securities and U.S. treasury bills. Investing in such cash alternatives involves inflation risk. In addition, investments in money market securities may involve credit risk and a risk of principal loss. Because money market securities are neither insured nor guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency, there is no guarantee the value of your investment will be maintained at $\$ 1.00$ per share, and your shares, when sold, may be worth more or less than what you originally paid for them. U.S. Treasury bills are subject to market risk if sold prior to maturity. Market risk is the possibility that the value, when sold, might be less than the purchase price.

Investing in stock securities involves volatility risk, market risk, business risk, and industry risk. The prices of most stocks fluctuate. Volatility risk is the chance that the value of a stock will fall. Market risk is chance that the prices of all stocks will fall due to conditions in the economic environment. Business risk is the chance that a specific company's stock will fall because of issues affecting it. Industry risk is the chance that a set of factors particular to an industry group will adversely affect stock prices within the industry. (See "Asset Class Stocks" in the Glossary section of this Important Disclosure Information for a summary of the relative potential volatility of different types of stocks.)

International investing involves additional risks including, but not limited to, changes in currency exchange rates, differences in accounting and taxation policies, and political or economic instabilities that can increase or decrease returns.

## Report Is a Snapshot and Does Not Provide Legal, Tax, or Accounting Advice

This Report provides a snapshot of your current financial position and can help you to focus on your financial resources and goals, and to create a plan of action. Because the results are calculated over many years, small changes can create large differences in future results. You should use this Report to help you focus on the factors that are most important to you This Report does not provide legal, tax, or accounting advice. Before making decisions with legal, tax, or accounting ramifications, you should consult appropriate professionals for advice that is specific to your situation.

## MoneyGuidePro Methodology

MoneyGuidePro offers several methods of calculating results, each of which provides one outcome from a wide range of possible outcomes. The methods used are: "Average Returns," "Historical Test," "Bad Timing," "Class Sensitivity," and "Monte Carlo Simulations." When using historical returns, the methodologies available are Average Returns, Historical Test, Bad Timing, and Monte Carlo Simulations. When using projected returns, the methodologies available are Average Returns, Bad Timing, Class Sensitivity, and Monte Carlo Simulations.

## Results Using Average Returns

The Results Using Average Returns are calculated using one average return for your pre-retirement period and one average return for your post-retirement period. Average Returns are a simplifying assumption. In the real world, investment returns can (and often do) vary widely from year to year and vary widely from a long-term average return

## Results Using Historical Test

The Results Using Historical Test are calculated by using the actual historical returns and inflation rates, in sequence, from a starting year to the present, and assumes that you would receive those returns and inflation rates, in sequence, from this year through the end of your Plan. If the historical sequence is shorter than your Plan, the average return for the historical period is used for the balance of the Plan. The historical returns used are those of the broad-based asset class indices listed in this Important Disclosure Information.

## Results with Bad Timing

Results with Bad Timing are calculated by using low returns in one or two years, and average returns for all remaining years of the Plan. For most Plans, the worst time for low returns is when you begin taking substantial withdrawals from your portfolio. The Results with Bad Timing assume that you earn a low return in the year(s) you select and then an Adjusted Average Return in all other years. This Adjusted Average Return is calculated so that the average return of the Results with Bad Timing is equal to the return(s) used in calculating the Results Using Average Returns. This allows you to compare two results with the same overall average return, where one (the Results with Bad Timing) has low returns in one or two years

## IMPORTANT DISCLOSURE INFORMATION

When using historical returns, the default for one year of low returns is the lowest annua return in the historical period you are using, and the default for two years of low returns is the lowest two-year sequence of returns in the historical period. When using projected returns, the default for the first year of low returns is two standard deviations less than the average return, and the default for the second year is one standard deviation less than the average return.

## Results Using Class Sensitivity

The Results Using Class Sensitivity are calculated by using different return assumptions for one or more asset classes during the years you select. These results show how your Plan would be affected if the annual returns for one or more asset classes were different than the average returns for a specified period in your Plan.

## Results Using Monte Carlo Simulations

Monte Carlo simulations are used to show how variations in rates of return each year can affect your results. A Monte Carlo simulation calculates the results of your Plan by running it many times, each time using a different sequence of returns. Some sequences of returns will give you better results, and some will give you worse results. These multiple trials provide a range of possible results, some successful (you would have met all your goals) and some unsuccessful (you would not have met all your goals). The percentage of trials that were successful is the probability that your Plan, with all its underlying assumptions, could be successful. In MoneyGuidePro, this is the Probability of Success. Analogously, the percentage of trials that were unsuccessful is the Probability of Failure. The Results Using Monte Carlo Simulations indicate the likelihood that an event may occur as well as the likelihood that it may not occur. In analyzing this information, please note that the analysis does not take into account actual market conditions, which may severely affect the outcome of your goals over the long-term.

MoneyGuidePro Presentation of Results
The Results Using Average Returns, Historical Test, Bad Timing, and Class Sensitivity display the results using an "Estimated \% of Goal Funded" and a "Safety Margin."

## Estimated \% of Goal Funded

For each Goal, the "Estimated \% of Goal Funded" is the sum of the assets used to fund the Goal divided by the sum of the Goal's expenses. All values are in current dollars. A result of $100 \%$ or more does not guarantee that you will reach a Goal, nor does a result under $100 \%$ guarantee that you will not. Rather, this information is meant to identify possible shortfalls in this Plan, and is not a guarantee that a certain percentage of your Goals will be funded. The percentage reflects a projection of the total cost of the Goal that was actually funded based upon all the assumptions that are included in this Plan, and assumes that you execute all aspects of the Plan as you have indicated.

## Safety Margin

The Safety Margin is the estimated value of your assets at the end of this Plan, based on all the assumptions included in this Report. Only you can determine if that Safety Margin is sufficient for your needs.

## Bear Market Loss and Bear Market Test

The Bear Market Loss shows how a portfolio would have been impacted during the worst bear market since the Great Depression. Depending on the composition of the portfolio, the worst bear market is either the "Great Recession" or the "Bond Bear Market. "

The Great Recession, from November 2007 through February 2009, was the worst bear market for stocks since the Great Depression. In MoneyGuidePro, the Great Recession Return is the rate of return, during the Great Recession, for a portfolio comprised of cash, bonds, stocks, and alternatives, with an asset mix equivalent to the portfolio referenced.

The Bond Bear Market, from July 1979 through February 1980, was the worst bear market for bonds since the Great Depression. In MoneyGuidePro, the Bond Bear Market Return is the rate of return, for the Bond Bear Market period, for a portfolio comprised of cash, bonds, stocks, and alternatives, with an asset mix equivalent to the portfolio referenced.

The Bear Market Loss shows: 1) either the Great Recession Return or the Bond Bear Market Return, whichever is lower, and 2) the potential loss, if you had been invested in this cash-bond-stock-alternative portfolio during the period with the lower return. In general, most portfolios with a stock allocation of $20 \%$ or more have a lower Great Recession Return, and most portfolios with a combined cash and bond allocation of $80 \%$ or more have a lower Bond Bear Market Return.
The Bear Market Test, included in the Stress Tests, examines the impact on your Plan results if an identical Great Recession or Bond Bear Market, whichever would be worse, occurred this year. The Bear Market Test shows the likelihood that you could fund your Needs, Wants and Wishes after experiencing such an event.

## IMPORTANT DISCLOSURE INFORMATION

Regardless of whether you are using historical or projected returns for all other MoneyGuidePro results, the Bear Market Loss and Bear Market Test use returns calculated from historical indices. If you are using historical returns, the indices in the Bear Market Loss and the Bear Market Test may be different from indices used in other calculations. These results are calculated using only four asset classes - Cash, Bonds, Stocks, and Alternatives. The indices and the resulting returns for the Great Recession and the Bond Bear Market are:

| Asset Class | Index | Great Recession Return <br> $\mathbf{1 1 / 2 0 0 7 - 0 2 / 2 0 0 9}$ | Bond Bear Market <br> Return |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Cash | Ibbotson U.S. 30-day <br> Treasury Bills | $2.31 \%$ | $\mathbf{7 . 0 8 \%} \mathbf{- \mathbf { 0 2 / 1 9 8 0 }}$ |

*Hedge Fund Research Indices Fund of Funds
**S\&P GSCI was formerly the Goldman Sachs Commodity Index
Because the Bear Market Loss and Bear Market Test use the returns from asset class indices rather than the returns of actual investments, they do not represent the performance for any specific portfolio, and are not a guarantee of minimum or maximum levels of losses or gains for any portfolio. The actual performance of your portfolio may differ substantially from those shown in the Great Recession Return, the Bond Bear Market Return, the Bear Market Loss, and the Bear Market Test.

## MoneyGuidePro Risk Assessment

The MoneyGuidePro Risk Assessment highlights some - but not all - of the trade-offs you might consider when deciding how to invest your money. This approach does not provide a comprehensive, psychometrically-based, or scientifically-validated profile of your risk tolerance, loss tolerance, or risk capacity, and is provided for informational purposes only.
Based on your specific circumstances, you must decide the appropriate balance between potential risks and potential returns. MoneyGuidePro does not and cannot adequately understand or assess the appropriate risk/return balance for you. MoneyGuidePro requires you to select a risk score. Once selected, three important pieces of information are available to help you determine the appropriateness of your score: an appropriate portfolio for your score, the impact of a Bear Market Loss (either the Great Recession or the Bond Bear Market, whichever is lower) on this portfolio, and a compare button to show how your score compares to the risk score of others in your age group.
MoneyGuidePro uses your risk score to select a risk-based portfolio on the Portfolio Table page. This risk-based portfolio selection is provided for informational purposes only, and you should consider it to be a starting point for conversations with your advisor. It is your responsibility to select the Target Portfolio you want MoneyGuidePro to use. The selection of your Target Portfolio, and other investment decisions, should be made by you, after discussions with your advisor and, if needed, other financial and/or legal professionals.

## Personal Information and Summary of Financial Goals

## Timothy and Susan Smith

| Needs |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | Retirement - Basic Living Expense |  |
|  | Timothy (2030) <br> Susan (2028) <br> Susan Retired and Timothy Employed (2028-2029) <br> Both Retired (2030-2057) <br> Susan Alone Retired (2058-2059) | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \\ & 63 \\ & \$ 29,883 \\ & \$ 69,073 \\ & \$ 55,258 \\ & \text { Base Inflation Rate (2.25\%) } \end{aligned}$ |
| 10 | Health Care |  |
|  | Timothy Employed / Susan Retired Before Medicare (2028-2029) <br> Both Medicare (2030-2057) <br> Susan Alone Medicare (2058-2059) | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 17,417 \\ & \$ 10,450 \\ & \$ 6,581 \\ & \text { Base Inflation Rate plus } 2.80 \% \text { (5.05\%) } \end{aligned}$ |
| 10 | Car / Truck |  |
|  | When both are retired Recurring every 10 years until End of Plan | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 25,000 \\ & \text { Base Inflation Rate (2.25\%) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Wants |  |  |
| 7 | Travel |  |
|  | When both are retired Recurring every year for a total of 15 times | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 5,000 \\ & \text { Base Inflation Rate (2.25\%) } \end{aligned}$ |
| 7 | College - Matthew |  |
|  | 4 years starting in 2020 <br> Attending College - Public Out-Of-State (4 years) | $\$ 41,950$ <br> Base Inflation Rate plus 3.80\% (6.05\%) |

## See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith Prepared by: Advisor Name

## Personal Information and Summary of Financial Goals

## Timothy and Susan Smith



## Timothy

Male - born 08/01/1965, age 54
Employed - \$60,000, Other Income - \$40,000

## Susan

Female - born 05/01/1965, age 54
Employed - \$80,000
Married, US Citizens living in VA

- This section lists the Personal and Financial Goal information you provided, which will be used to create your Report. It is important that it is accurate and complete.


## Net Worth Summary - All Resources

This is your Net Worth Summary as of 03/26/2020. Your Net Worth is the difference between what you own (your Assets) and what you owe (your Liabilities). To get an accurate Net Worth statement, make certain all of your Assets and Liabilities are entered.


| Description | Total |
| :--- | ---: |
| Investment Assets |  |
| Employer Retirement Plans | $\$ 260,000$ |
| Individual Retirement Accounts | $\$ 55,000$ |
| Taxable and/or Tax-Free Accounts | $\$ 160,000$ |
| College Saving Plans | $\$ 85,000$ |
| Total Investment Assets: | $\mathbf{\$ 5 6 0 , 0 0 0}$ |
| Other Assets | $\$ 350,000$ |
| Home and Personal Assets | $\$ 200,000$ |
| Business and Property | $\mathbf{\$ 5 5 0 , 0 0 0}$ |
| Total Other Assets: |  |
| Liabilities | $\$ 250,000$ |
| Personal Real Estate Loan: | $\$ 20,000$ |
| Other Personal Debt: | $\$ 270,000$ |
| Total Liabilities: | $\$ 840,000$ |

## See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Net Worth Detail - All Resources

This is your Net Worth Detail as of 03/26/2020. Your Net Worth is the difference between what you own (your Assets) and what you owe (your Liabilities). To get an accurate Net Worth statement, make certain all of your Assets and Liabilities are entered.


See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith
$03 / 26 / 2020$

Plan Summary

## Resources Summary

| Description | Owner | Current Value | Additions |  |  | Assign to Goal |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manually Entered |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 401(k) | Timothy | \$260,000 |  | \$29,600 |  | Fund All Goals |  |
| Account Total | \$260,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 529 Savings Plan | Timothy | \$85,000 |  | \$5,000 |  | College - Matthew |  |
| Account Total | \$85,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Account | Timothy | \$160,000 |  |  |  | Fund All Goals |  |
| Taxable Account Total | \$160,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Traditional IRA - Account | Susan | \$55,000 |  | \$7,000 |  | Fund All Goals |  |
| Account Total | \$55,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | \$560,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Description | Owner | Current Value | Future Value | Assign to Goal |  |  |  |
| Manually Entered |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Home | Joint Common | \$350,000 |  | Not Funding Goals |  |  |  |
| Real Estate | Joint Common | \$200,000 |  | Not Funding Goals |  |  |  |
|  | Total of | \$550,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insurance Policies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Description | Owner | Insured | Beneficiary | Annual Premium | Cash Value | Death Benefit | Premium Paid |
| Manually Entered |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insurance Policies Summary (not included in Assets) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Timothy's Term Insurance Term Life | Timothy | Timothy | Co-Client of Insured $-100 \%$ | \$500 |  | $\$ 850,000$ Until Policy Terminates |  |
| Susan's Group Term Group Term | Susan | Susan | Co-Client of Insured $-100 \%$ |  |  | \$250,000 |  |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Resources Summary

| Description |  | Owner | Insured |  | Beneficiary | Annual Premium | Cash Value | Death Benefit | Premium Paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manually Entered |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insurance Policies Summary (not included in Assets) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Timothy's Group DI Group |  |  | Timothy |  |  | \$240 |  |  |  |
| Susan's LTC <br> Nursing Home Care |  |  | Susan |  |  | \$2,000 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total Death Benefit of All Policies : |  | \$1,100,000 |  |
| Social Security |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Description | Value |  |  |  |  | Assign to Goal |  |  |  |
| Social Security | Timothy will file a normal application at age 67. He will receive $\$ 27,840$ in retirement benefits at age 67. |  |  |  |  | Fund All Goals |  |  |  |
| Social Security | Susan will file a normal application at age 67 . She will receive $\$ 31,691$ in retirement benefits at age 67 . |  |  |  |  | Fund All Goals |  |  |  |
| Retirement Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Description |  | Owner | Value |  | Inflate? | Assign to Goal |  |  |  |
| Rental Property Income |  | Joint | \$15,000 from Timothy's Retirement to End of Plan |  | Yes at 2.25\% | Fund All Goals |  |  |  |
| Part-Time Employment |  | Susan | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 20,000 \\ & \text { Retirem } \end{aligned}$ | from Susan's <br> ent to 2032 | Yes at 2.25\% | Fund All Goals |  |  |  |
| Part-Time Employment |  | Timothy | \$20,000 from Timothy's Retirement to 2034 |  | Yes at 2.25\% | Fund All Goals |  |  |  |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Type | Description/Company |  | Owner |  | Outstanding Balance |  | Interest Rate | Monthly Payment |  |
| Manually Entered |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1st Mortgage | Home Mortgage |  | Joint |  | \$250,000 |  |  | 2.50\% | \$1,600 |
| Line Of Credit | Joint Line of Credit |  | Joint |  | \$20,000 |  |  | 8.00\% | \$450 |

## See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Resources Summary

Liabilities

Owner
Total Outstanding Balance : $\mathbf{\$ 2 7 0 , 0 0 0}$

## Plan Summary

Reaching Your Goals
Probability of Success
In Confidence Zone
Results
If you implement the following suggestions, there is a $80 \%$ likelihood of funding all of the Financial Goals in your Plan.

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Plan Summary

Goals
Plan to reduce your Total Goal Spending to $\$ 2,780,537$ which is $\$ 104,486$, or $4 \%$, less than your Target.
Timothy retires at age 66, in the year 2031. This is 1 year(s) later than your retirement age.
Susan retires at age 63, in the year 2028

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Plan Summary

| Goal | Amount | Changes |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Needs |  |  |
| 10 Retirement - Basic Living Expense | $\$ 29,883$ |  |
| Susan Retired and Timothy Employed | $\$ 69,073$ |  |
| Both Retired | $\$ 55,258$ |  |
| Susan Alone Retired | $\$ 17,417$ | Increased $\$ 5,154$ |
| 10 Health Care | $\$ 5,154$ |  |
| Timothy Employed $/$ Susan Retired Before Medicare $\$ 85$ |  |  |
| Timothy Employed / Susan Medicare | $\$ 10,535$ |  |
| Both Medicare | $\$ 6,581$ |  |
| Susan Alone Medicare | $\$ 20,000$ |  |
| 10 Car / Truck | When both are retired |  |
| Starting | 10 |  |
| Years between occurrences | End of Plan |  |
| Ending |  |  |
| Wants | $\$ 3,000$ |  |
| 7 Travel | When both are retired |  |
| Starting | 1 | Decreased $\$ 2,000$ |
| Years between occurrences | 15 |  |
| Number of occurrences | $\$ 41,950$ |  |
| 7 College - Matthew | 4 |  |
| Years of School | 2020 |  |
| Start Year | $\$ 60,000$ |  |
| Wishes | When both are retired |  |
| Starting |  |  |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Plan Summary

## Save and Invest

## Status

Savings
Consider the following changes in order to increase your savings by $\$ 6,500$ to a total of $\$ 48,100$ per year
Increase taxable additions by \$6,500. Make this change in 2020.

Invest

Your Portfolio should be re-allocated Investment Portfolio Asset Allocation


Balanced II


Changes Required to match Balanced II

| Asset Class | Increase By | Decrease By |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Cash \& Cash Alternatives |  | $-\$ 148,600$ |
| Short Term Bonds | $\$ 115,100$ |  |
| Intermediate Term Bonds | $\$ 55,600$ |  |
| Long Term Bonds |  | $-\$ 22,000$ |
| Large Cap Value Stocks | $\$ 86,300$ |  |
| Large Cap Growth Stocks |  | $-\$ 181,600$ |
| Small Cap Stocks | $\$ 33,600$ |  |
| International Developed Stocks |  | $\$ 61,600$ |
|  | Total : | $\mathbf{\$ 3 5 2 , 2 0 0}$ |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Plan Summary

## Social Security

## Status

Personal Information
Your Full Retirement Age (FRA) is the age that you would receive 100\% of your Primary Insurance Amount (PIA). Depending on the year you were born, your FRA is between 65-67 years old. Taking benefits before or after your FRA will decrease or increase the amount you receive, respectively.

Timothy's FRA is 67 and 0 months in 2032
Susan's FRA is 67 and 0 months in 2032

Your Primary Insurance Amount (PIA) is the benefit you would receive if you began benefits at your Full Retirement Age (FRA). It is calculated from the earnings on which you paid Social Security taxes, throughout your life.

Timothy's estimated annual PIA is $\$ 27,847$
Susan's estimated annual PIA is $\$ 31,691$

Other Retirement Income
Timothy has indicated that he will be working part-time during retirement

Susan has indicated that she will be working part-time during retirement.

Strategy Information
Timothy files a normal application at 67 in 2032.

Susan files a normal application at 67 in 2032.
Using this strategy, your household's total lifetime benefit is estimated to be $\$ 1,611,370$ in today's dollars, based upon the information you entered. For a better estimate, go to ssa.gov.

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith Prepared by: Advisor Name

## Results - Current and Recommended

| Results |
| :--- |
| Estimated \% of Goals Funded |
| Likelihood of Funding All Goals |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Results - Current and Recommended

|  | Current Scenario | What If Scenario 1 | Changes In Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 Goals |  |  |  |
| Needs |  |  |  |
| Retirement - Basic Living Expense <br> Susan Retired and Timothy Employed <br> Both Retired <br> Susan Alone Retired | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 29,883 \\ & \$ 69,073 \\ & \$ 55,258 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 29,883 \\ & \$ 69,073 \\ & \$ 55,258 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Health Care <br> Timothy Employed / Susan Retired Before Medicare <br> Timothy Employed / Susan Medicare <br> Both Medicare <br> Susan Alone Medicare | $\begin{gathered} \$ 17,417 \\ \$ 0 \\ \$ 10,450 \\ \$ 6,581 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 17,417 \\ & \$ 5,154 \\ & \$ 10,535 \\ & \$ 6,581 \end{aligned}$ | Increased \$5,154 <br> Increased \$85 |
| Car / Truck <br> Starting <br> Years between occurrences <br> Ending | $\$ 25,000$ <br> When both are retired $10$ <br> End of Plan | $\$ 20,000$ <br> When both are retired $10$ <br> End of Plan | Decreased \$5,000 |
| Wants <br> Travel <br> Starting <br> Years between occurrences <br> Number of occurrences | $\$ 5,000$ <br> When both are retired $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 15 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 3,000$ <br> When both are retired <br> 1 <br> 15 | Decreased \$2,000 |
| College - Matthew Years of School <br> Start Year | \$41,950 4 2020 | $\$ 41,950$ 4 2020 |  |
| Wishes <br> Home Improvement Starting | $\$ 75,000$ <br> When both are retired | $\$ 60,000$ <br> When both are retired | Decreased \$15,000 |
| Total Spending for Life of Plan | \$2,885,023 | \$2,780,537 | Decreased 4\% |
| \$ Savings |  |  |  |
| Qualified | \$36,600 | \$36,600 |  |
| 529 Plan | \$5,000 | \$5,000 |  |
| Taxable | \$0 | \$6,500 | Increased \$6,500 |

## See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Results - Current and Recommended

|  | Current Scenario | What If Scenario 1 | Changes In Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Savings This Year | \$41,600 | \$48,100 | Increased \$6,500 |
| (P) Portfolios |  |  |  |
| Allocation Before Retirement | CURRENT | Balanced II | Stock |
| Percent Stock | 54\% | 54\% |  |
| Composite Return | 4.65\% | 5.03\% |  |
| Composite Standard Deviation | 9.79\% | 9.89\% |  |
| Great Recession Return 11/07-2/09 | -24\% | -21\% |  |
| Bond Bear Market Return 7/79-2/80 | 9\% | 4\% |  |
| Allocation During Retirement | CURRENT | Balanced II | Stock |
| Percent Stock | 54\% | 54\% |  |
| Composite Return | 4.65\% | 5.03\% |  |
| Composite Standard Deviation | 9.79\% | 9.89\% |  |
| Great Recession Return 11/07-2/09 | -24\% | -21\% |  |
| Bond Bear Market Return 7/79-2/80 | 9\% | 4\% |  |
| Inflation | 2.25\% | 2.25\% |  |
| \|ll Investments |  |  |  |
| Total Investment Portfolio | \$560,000 | \$560,000 |  |
| Whe Social Security |  |  |  |
| Social Security Strategy | Current | Current |  |
| Timothy |  |  |  |
| Filing Method | Normal | Normal |  |
| Age to File Application | 67 | 67 |  |
| Age Retirement Benefits Begin | 67 | 67 |  |
| First Year Benefit | \$27,840 | \$27,847 |  |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Results - Current and Recommended

|  | Current Scenario | Changes In Value |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Susan |  | What Scenario $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Filing Method | Normal |  |
| Age to File Application | 67 | Normal |
| Age Retirement Benefits Begin | 67 | 67 |
| First Year Benefit | $\$ 31,691$ | $\$ 3$ |

## Summary of Goals and Resources

## Worksheet Detail - Bear Market Test

## Bear Market Test for What If Scenario 1

## Likelihood of Reaching Goals After Loss of 21\% - Using All Assets to Fund Goals by Importance

| Likelihood of Reaching Goals After Loss of 21\% - Using All Assets to Fund Goals by Importance |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Needs Only <br> Probability of Success Above Confidence Zone | Needs \& Wants Only $75 \%$ <br> Probability of Success <br> n Confidence Zone | Needs, Wants, \& Wishes <br> 66\% <br> Probability of Success <br> Below Confidence Zone |
| Goals |  |  |  |
| Needs |  |  |  |
| 10 - Retirement - Basic Living Expense | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| 10 - Health Care | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| 10-Car / Truck | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Wants |  |  |  |
| 7 - Travel |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| 7 - College - Matthew |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Wishes |  |  |  |
| 3 - Home Improvement |  |  | $\checkmark$ |

This test assumes your investment allocation matches the Balanced II portfolio. If your investments suffered a loss of $21 \%$ this year, your portfolio value would be reduced by $\$ 117,600$. This is the approximate loss sustained by a portfolio with a similar percentage of stocks, bonds, cash, and alternative during the Great Recession, which lasted from November 2007 through February 2009. These results show the likelihood you would be able to fund your Needs, Wants and Wishes after experiencing this loss.

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Expectations and Concerns

| Expectation |
| :--- |
| Both Timothy and Susan |
| Active Lifestyle |
| Time to Travel |
| Less Stress - Peace of Mind |


| Owner |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| High | Concern | What Would Help |
| Timothy | Running out of money | If your plan is in the Confidence Zone, <br> there's less reason to worry. |
| Medium <br> Joint | Cost of health care or <br> long-term care | Include a Goal for Health Care and test to <br> see the impact of a potential Long Term <br> Care expense in the future. |
| Low | Not having a paycheck <br> anymore | Consider strategies that create a regular <br> source of income. |
| Joint | Current or future health <br> issues | See how health issues might affect the <br> results of your plan |
| Susan | Parents needing care | You can include a Goal for the cost of care <br> for your parents and see its impact on your <br> lifestyle. |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith Prepared by: Advisor Name

## Current Financial Goals Graph

This graph shows the annual costs for your Financial Goals, as you have specified. Because these costs will be used to create your Plan, it is important that they are accurate and complete. All amounts are in after-tax, future dollars.


See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Insurance Inventory

| Description | Owner | Insured | Death Benefit | Cash Value | Annual Premium | Beneficiary | Policy Start Date |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Timothy's Term Insurance | Timothy | Timothy | \$850,000 |  | \$50 | Co-Client of Insured-100\% | 08/2015 |
| Susan's Group Term | Susan | Susan | \$250,000 |  |  | Co-Client of Insured-100\% | 08/2009 |

If the assets include a Variable Life Investment Asset, the value shown for this policy in the Annual Premium column reflects only the assumed annual increase in the cash value of the insurance policy and not the total premium.
Disability

| Description | Insured | Annual Premium | Tax Status | Monthly Benefit | Elimination Period | Benefit Period | Inflation Option | Policy Start Date |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Timothy's Group DI | Timothy | \$240 pre-tax |  | \$600 | 1 Months | 3 Years | Simple at 2.00\% | 08/2016 |
| LTC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Description | Insured | Annual Premium | Benefit Period | Maximum Daily Benefit | Elimination Period | Home Health Care \% | Inflation Option | Policy Start Date |
| Susan's LTC | Susan | \$2,000 | Three | \$150 | 90 Days | 100\% | Simple at 2.00\% | 08/2016 |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith
$03 / 26 / 2020$

Risk and Portfolio Information

## Risk Assessment

You chose a Risk Score of 50.

## Appropriate Portfolio: Balanced II

Percentage Stock: 54\%
Average Return: 5.03\%


Great Recession Return Loss for this Portfolio

If this loss would cause you to sell your investments, you should select a lower score. Don't go past your Breaking Point.

During the Great Recession Return (November 2007 - February 2009) this portfolio had a loss of:

If you invest $\$ 560,000$ in this portfolio and the same loss occurred again, you would lose:
-\$116,841

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Model Portfolio Table

The Risk-Based Portfolio was selected from this list of Portfolios, based upon the risk assessment. The Risk Band is comprised of the portfolio(s) that could be appropriate for you, based upon the Risk-Based Portfolio indicated. The Target Portfolio was selected by you. Refer to the Standard Deviation column in the chart below to compare the relative risk of your Current Portfolio to the Target Portfolio.

| Portfolios | Name | Cash | Bond | Stock | Alternative | Fixed Index | 3\% Fixed | Projected Return | Standard <br> Deviation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Capital Preservation I | 5\% | 67\% | 28\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 4.05\% | 5.68\% |
|  | Capital Preservation II | 5\% | 57\% | 38\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 4.43\% | 7.23\% |
|  | Current | 31\% | 15\% | 54\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 4.65\% | 9.79\% |
|  | Balanced I | 4\% | 51\% | 45\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 4.69\% | 8.37\% |
| $\nabla \Delta$ | Balanced II | 4\% | 42\% | 54\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 5.03\% | 9.89\% |
|  | Total Return I | 4\% | 35\% | 61\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 5.35\% | 11.29\% |
|  | Total Return II | 3\% | 25\% | 72\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 5.78\% | 13.26\% |
|  | Capital Growth I | 2\% | 16\% | 82\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 6.19\% | 15.14\% |
|  | Capital Growth II | 0\% | 9\% | 91\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 6.56\% | 16.77\% |
|  | Equity Growth | 0\% | 0\% | 100\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 6.91\% | 18.42\% |Risk-Based

Target
Efficient Frontier Graph
When deciding how to invest your money, you must determine the amount of risk you are willing to assume to pursue a desired return. The Efficient Frontier Graph reflects a set of portfolios that assume a low relative level of risk for each level of return, or conversely an optimal return for the degree of investment risk taken. The graph also shows the position of the Risk Band, Target, Risk-Based, and Custom Portfolios, if applicable. The positioning of these portfolios illustrates how their respective risks and returns compare to each other as well as the optimized level of risk and return represented by the Portfolios.

This graph shows the relationship of return and risk for each Portfolio in the chart above.

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## Model Portfolio Table

The Risk-Based Portfolio was selected from this list of Portfolios, based upon the risk assessment. The Risk Band is comprised of the portfolio(s) that could be appropriate for you, based upon the Risk-Based Portfolio indicated. The Target Portfolio was selected by you. Refer to the Standard Deviation column in the chart below to compare the relative risk of your Current Portfolio to the Target Portfolio.

| Portfolios | Name | Unclassified | Projected Return | Standard Deviation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Capital Preservation I | 0\% | 4.05\% | 5.68\% |
|  | Capital Preservation II | 0\% | 4.43\% | 7.23\% |
|  | Current | 0\% | 4.65\% | 9.79\% |
|  | Balanced I | 0\% | 4.69\% | 8.37\% |
| $\nabla$ A | Balanced II | 0\% | 5.03\% | 9.89\% |
|  | Total Return I | 0\% | 5.35\% | 11.29\% |
|  | Total Return II | 0\% | 5.78\% | 13.26\% |
|  | Capital Growth I | 0\% | 6.19\% | 15.14\% |
|  | Capital Growth II | 0\% | 6.56\% | 16.77\% |
|  | Equity Growth | 0\% | 6.91\% | 18.42\% |Risk-Based

- Target

Efficient Frontier Graph
When deciding how to invest your money, you must determine the amount of risk you are willing to assume to pursue a desired return. The Efficient Frontier Graph reflects a set of portfolios that assume a low relative level of risk for each level of return, or conversely an optimal return for the degree of investment risk taken. The graph also shows the position of the Risk Band, Target, Risk-Based, and Custom Portfolios, if applicable. The positioning of these portfolios illustrates how their respective risks and returns compare to each other as well as the optimized level of risk and return represented by the Portfolios.

This graph shows the relationship of return and risk for each Portfolio in the chart above.

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Results

## What If Worksheet

This Worksheet allows you to analyze and compare the results of one or more scenarios that you created by varying the Plan assumptions.

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Goals | Estimated \% of Goal Funded |  |

- Indicates different data between the Scenario in the first column and the Scenario in any other column.

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## What If Worksheet

| Total Spending | \$2,885,023 | \$2,780,537 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Key Assumptions | Current Scenario | What If Scenario 1 |
| Stress Tests |  |  |
| Method(s) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bad Timing } \\ & \text { Program Estimate } \\ & \text { Years of bad returns: } \\ & \text { 2028: -25.03\% } \\ & \text { 2029: -10.10\% } \end{aligned}$ | ```Bad Timing Program Estimate Years of bad returns: 2028: -18.90% 2029: -6.93%``` |
| Hypothetical Average Rate of Return |  |  |
| Before Retirement | Current | - Balanced II |
| Entered Return | N/A | N/A |
| Composite Return : | 4.65\% | - 5.03\% |
| Composite Standard Deviation : | 9.79\% | 9.89\% |
| Total Return Adjustment : | 0.00\% | 0.00\% |
| Adjusted Real Return : | 2.40\% | - $2.78 \%$ |
| After Retirement | Current | - Balanced II |
| Entered Return | N/A | N/A |
| Composite Return | 4.65\% | 5.03\% |
| Composite Standard Deviation | 9.79\% | 9.89\% |
| Total Return Adjustment : | 0.00\% | 0.00\% |
| Adjusted Real Return : | 2.40\% | 2.78\% |
| Base inflation rate : | 2.25\% | 2.25\% |

- Indicates different data between the Scenario in the first column and the Scenario in any other column.

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## What If Worksheet

| Key Assumptions | Current Scenario | What If Scenario 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Goals |  |  |
| Basic Living Expense |  |  |
| Retirement Age |  |  |
| Timothy | 65 | - 66 |
| Susan | 63 | 63 |
| Planning Age |  |  |
| Timothy | 92 | 92 |
| Susan | 94 | 94 |
| One Retired |  |  |
| Timothy Retired and Susan Employed | \$39,190 | \$39,190 |
| Susan Retired and Timothy Employed | \$29,883 | \$29,883 |
| Both Retired |  |  |
| Both Retired | \$69,073 | \$69,073 |
| One Alone - Retired |  |  |
| Susan Alone Retired | \$55,258 | \$55,258 |
| Timothy Alone Retired | \$55,258 | \$55,258 |
| One Alone - Employed |  |  |
| Timothy Alone Employed | \$29,883 | \$29,883 |
| Susan Alone Employed | \$39,190 | \$39,190 |
| Health Care |  |  |
| Percentage of costs to use : | 100\% | 100\% |
| Cost determined by Schedule : | See details | See details |
| Car / Truck |  |  |
| Year | When both are retired | When both are retired |
| Cost | \$25,000 | - \$20,000 |
| Is recurring : | Yes | Yes |
| Years between occurrences : | 10 | 10 |

This goal will end at End of Plan.
Travel

- Indicates different data between the Scenario in the first column and the Scenario in any other column.

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Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith Prepared by: Advisor Name
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## What If Worksheet

| Key Assumptions | Current Scenario | What If Scenario $\mathbf{1}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Goals | When both are retired | When both are retired |
| Year : | $\$ 5,000$ | $\$ 3,000$ |
| Cost : | Yes | Yes |
| Is recurring : | 1 | 1 |
| Years between occurrences : | 15 | 15 |
| Number of occurrences : | 2020 |  |
| College - Matthew | 4 | 2020 |
| Year : | $\$ 41,950$ | 4 |
| Years of Education : |  | $\$ 41,950$ |
| Annual Cost : | When both are retired | When both are retired |
| Home Improvement | $\$ 75,000$ | • |
| Year : |  | $\$ 60,000$ |
| Cost : |  |  |

- Indicates different data between the Scenario in the first column and the Scenario in any other column.

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## What If Worksheet

| Key Assumptions | Current Scenario | What If Scenario 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Retirement Income |  |  |
| Rental Property Income (Joint) |  |  |
| Annual Income : | \$15,000 | \$15,000 |
| Start Year | Timothy's retirement | Timothy's retirement |
| Select when income will end: | End of Plan | End of Plan |
| Year to end retirement income |  |  |
| Part-Time Employment (Susan) |  |  |
| Annual Income | \$20,000 | \$20,000 |
| Start Year | Susan's retirement | Susan's retirement |
| Years of Employment | 5 | 5 |
| Part-Time Employment (Timothy) |  |  |
| Annual Income : | \$20,000 | \$20,000 |
| Start Year | Timothy's retirement | Timothy's retirement |
| Years of Employment | 5 | 5 |
| Social Security |  |  |
| Select Social Security Strategy | Current | Current |
| Timothy |  |  |
| Filing Method | Normal | Normal |
| Age to File Application : | 67 | 67 |
| Age Retirement Benefits begin : | 67 | 67 |
| First Year Benefit : | \$27,840 | \$27,847 |
| Susan |  |  |
| Filing Method | Normal | Normal |
| Age to File Application | 67 | 67 |
| Age Retirement Benefits begin | 67 | 67 |
| First Year Benefit : | \$31,691 | \$31,691 |
| Reduce Benefits By : | 0\% | 0\% |

- Indicates different data between the Scenario in the first column and the Scenario in any other column.

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Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith Prepared by: Advisor Name
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## What If Worksheet

| Key Assumptions | Current Scenario | What If Scenario 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Asset Additions |  |  |
| 401(k) | Maximum | Maximum |
| Roth: | N/A | N/A |
| Maximum contribution each year: | Yes | Yes |
| \% Designated as Roth: | 0.00\% | 0.00\% |
| Plan addition amount: | \$29,600 | \$29,600 |
| Year additions begin: | 2020 | 2020 |
| Timothy - Fund All Goals |  |  |
| Traditional IRA - Account |  |  |
| Pre-Tax Addition: | Maximum | Maximum |
| Maximum contribution each year: | Yes | Yes |
| After-Tax Addition: | \$0 | \$0 |
| Maximum contribution each year: | No | No |
| Year additions begin: | 2020 | 2020 |
| Susan - Fund All Goals |  |  |
| 529 Savings Plan |  |  |
| After-Tax Addition: | \$5,000 | \$5,000 |
| Year additions begin: | 2020 | 2020 |
| Timothy - College - Matthew |  |  |
| Extra Savings by Tax Category |  |  |
| Timothy's Qualified |  | \$0 |
| Susan's Qualified |  | \$0 |
| Timothy's Roth |  | \$0 |
| Susan's Roth |  | \$0 |
| Timothy's Tax-Deferred |  | \$0 |
| Susan's Tax-Deferred |  | \$0 |
| Taxable |  | \$6,500 |

- Indicates different data between the Scenario in the first column and the Scenario in any other column.

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## What If Worksheet

| Key Assumptions | Current Scenario | What If Scenario 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash Reserve |  |  |
| Include : | Yes | - No |
| Your Goal Coverage |  |  |
| Needs: | 3 | 3 |
| Wants : | 2 | 2 |
| Wishes | 1 | 1 |
| Minimum Amount in Cash Reserve | \$0 | \$0 |
| Annual offset for Cash Reserve | \$0 | \$0 |
| Selected Allocation : | Capital Pres I | Enter Own Return and Standard Deviation |
| Return | 4.05\% | 0.00\% |
| Standard Deviation : | 5.68\% | 0.00\% |
| Aspirational Bucket |  |  |
| Include : |  | No |
| Additional |  | \$0 |
| Selected Allocation : |  | Enter Own Return and Standard Deviation |
| Return : |  | 9.00\% |
| Standard Deviation : |  | 18.00\% |
| Tax Options |  |  |
| Include Tax Penalties: | Yes | Yes |
| Change Tax Rate? | No | No |
| Year To Change : |  |  |
| Change Tax Rate by this \% (+ or -) | 0.00\% | 0.00\% |

- Indicates different data between the Scenario in the first column and the Scenario in any other column.

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## Worksheet Detail - Combined Details

## Scenario : What If Scenario 1 using Average Return

These pages provide a picture of how your Investment Portfolio may hypothetically perform over the life of this Plan. The graph shows the effect on the value of your Investment Portfolio for each year. The chart shows the detailed activities that increase and decrease your Investment Portfolio value each year including the funds needed to pay for each of your Goals. Shortfalls that occur in a particular year are denoted with an ' X ' under the Goal column.
Total Portfolio Value Graph


[^0]See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Worksheet Detail - Combined Details

## Scenario : What If Scenario 1 using Average Return


$x$ - denotes shortfall

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Worksheet Detail - Combined Details

## Scenario : What If Scenario 1 using Average Return

|  |  | Beginning Portfolio Value |  |  | Additions To Assets | Other <br> Additions | Post Retirement Income | Investment Earnings | Investment Return | Taxes | Funds Used | Ending Portfolio Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Event or Ages | Year | Earmarked |  | Fund All Goals |  |  |  |  |  |  | All Goals |  |
| 88/88 | 2053 |  | 0 | 1,392,349 | 0 | 0 | 155,334 | 65,691 | 5.04\% | 35,084 | 210,510 | 1,367,781 |
| 89/89 | 2054 |  | 0 | 1,367,781 | 0 | 0 | 158,829 | 64,246 | 5.04\% | 36,039 | 217,350 | 1,337,467 |
| 90/90 | 2055 |  | 0 | 1,337,467 | 0 | 0 | 162,403 | 62,505 | 5.04\% | 36,690 | 224,688 | 1,300,997 |
| 91/91 | 2056 |  | 0 | 1,300,997 | 0 | 0 | 166,057 | 60,450 | 5.04\% | 37,255 | 232,221 | 1,258,028 |
| Timothy's Plan Ends | 2057 |  | 0 | 1,258,028 | 0 | 0 | 169,793 | 58,063 | 5.04\% | 37,719 | 239,986 | 1,208,178 |
| -/93 | 2058 |  | 0 | 1,208,178 | 0 | 0 | 108,752 | 55,806 | 5.04\% | 40,270 | 171,497 | 1,160,970 |
| Susan's Plan Ends | 2059 |  | 0 | 1,160,970 | 0 | 0 | 111,199 | 53,293 | 5.04\% | 40,359 | 176,656 | 1,108,447 |

## Worksheet Detail - Combined Details

## Scenario : What If Scenario 1 using Average Return

|  |  | Funds Used |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Event or Ages | Year | Retirement | Health Care | Car / Truck | Travel | College - <br> Matthew | Home Improvement | Ending Portfolio Value |
| 55/55 | 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 41,950 | 0 | 592,452 |
| 56/56 | 2021 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44,488 | 0 | 623,789 |
| 57/57 | 2022 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 47,179 | 0 | 654,722 |
| 58/58 | 2023 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50,034 | 0 | 685,260 |
| 59/59 | 2024 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 766,155 |
| 60/60 | 2025 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 851,586 |
| 61/61 | 2026 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 941,779 |
| 62/62 | 2027 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,038,019 |
| Susan Retires | 2028 | 35,705 | 25,831 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,085,241 |
| 64/64 | 2029 | 36,509 | 27,672 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,133,559 |
| 65/65 | 2030 | 37,330 | 8,435 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,205,451 |
| Timothy Retires | 2031 | 88,228 | 18,113 | 25,546 | 3,832 | 0 | 76,639 | 1,091,335 |
| 67/67 | 2032 | 90,213 | 19,225 | 0 | 3,918 | 0 | 0 | 1,164,766 |
| 68/68 | 2033 | 92,243 | 20,444 | 0 | 4,006 | 0 | 0 | 1,218,444 |
| 69/69 | 2034 | 94,318 | 21,761 | 0 | 4,096 | 0 | 0 | 1,273,853 |
| 70/70 | 2035 | 96,440 | 23,187 | 0 | 4,189 | 0 | 0 | 1,330,986 |
| 71/71 | 2036 | 98,610 | 24,717 | 0 | 4,283 | 0 | 0 | 1,358,635 |
| 72/72 | 2037 | 100,829 | 26,341 | 0 | 4,379 | 0 | 0 | 1,382,335 |
| 73/73 | 2038 | 103,097 | 28,038 | 0 | 4,478 | 0 | 0 | 1,404,744 |
| 74/74 | 2039 | 105,417 | 29,844 | 0 | 4,579 | 0 | 0 | 1,425,656 |
| 75/75 | 2040 | 107,789 | 31,753 | 0 | 4,682 | 0 | 0 | 1,444,857 |
| 76/76 | 2041 | 110,214 | 33,782 | 31,912 | 4,787 | 0 | 0 | 1,428,835 |
| 77/77 | 2042 | 112,694 | 35,919 | 0 | 4,895 | 0 | 0 | 1,442,534 |
| 78/78 | 2043 | 115,230 | 38,118 | 0 | 5,005 | 0 | 0 | 1,453,603 |
| 79/79 | 2044 | 117,822 | 40,425 | 0 | 5,117 | 0 | 0 | 1,461,829 |
| 80/80 | 2045 | 120,473 | 42,881 | 0 | 5,232 | 0 | 0 | 1,466,887 |
| 81/81 | 2046 | 123,184 | 45,464 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,474,010 |
| 82/82 | 2047 | 125,956 | 48,191 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,477,636 |
| 83/83 | 2048 | 128,790 | 50,839 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,477,651 |
| 84/84 | 2049 | 131,687 | 53,640 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,473,695 |
| 85/85 | 2050 | 134,650 | 56,612 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,465,559 |
| 86/86 | 2051 | 137,680 | 59,752 | 39,865 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,411,528 |

x - denotes shortfall

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Worksheet Detail - Combined Details

## Scenario : What If Scenario 1 using Average Return


$x$ - denotes shortfall

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith Prepared by: Advisor Name
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Worksheet Detail - Combined Details

## Notes

- Calculations are based on a "Rolling Year" rather than a Calendar Year. The current date begins the 365-day "Rolling Year"
- Additions and withdrawals occur at the beginning of the year.
- Other Additions come from items entered in the Other Assets section and any applicable proceeds from insurance policies.
- Stock Options and Restricted Stock values are after-tax
- Strategy Income is based on the particulars of the Goal Strategies selected. Strategy Income from immediate annuities, 72(t) distributions, and variable annuities with a guaranteed minimum withdrawal benefit (GMWB) is pre-tax. Strategy Income from Net Unrealized Appreciation (NUA) is after-tax.
- Post Retirement Income includes the following: Social Security, pension, annuity, rental property, royalty, alimony, part-time employment, trust, and any other retirement income as entered in the Plan.
- When married, if either Social Security Program Estimate or Use a Better Estimate of Annual Benefits is selected for a participant, the program will default to the greater of the selected benefit or the age adjusted spousal benefit, which is based on the other participant's benefit.
- Investment Earnings are calculated on all assets after any withdrawals for 'Goal Expense', 'Taxes on Withdrawals' and 'Tax Penalties' are subtracted.
- The taxes column is a sum of (1) taxes on retirement income, (2) taxes on strategy income, (3) taxes on withdrawals from qualified assets for Required Minimum Distributions, (4) taxes on withdrawals from taxable assets' untaxed gain used to fund Goals in that year, (5) taxes on withdrawals from tax-deferred or qualified assets used to fund Goals in that year, and (6) taxes on the investment earnings of taxable assets. Tax rates used are detailed in the Tax and Inflation Options page. (Please note, the Taxes column does not include any taxes owed from the exercise of Stock Options or the vesting of Restricted Stock.)
- Tax Penalties can occur when Qualified and Tax-Deferred Assets are used prior to age $591 / 2$. If there is a value in this column, it illustrates that you are using your assets in this Plan in a manner that may incur tax penalties. Generally, it is better to avoid tax penalties whenever possible.
- These calculations do not incorporate penalties associated with use of 529 Plan withdrawals for non-qualified expenses.
- Funds for each Goal Expense are first used from Earmarked Assets. If sufficient funds are not available from Earmarked Assets, Fund All Goals Assets will be used to fund the remaining portion of the Goal Expense, if available in that year.
- All funds needed for a Goal must be available in the year the Goal occurs. Funds from Earmarked Assets that become available after the Goal year(s) have passed are not included in the funding of that Goal, and accumulate until the end of the Plan.
- When married, ownership of qualified assets is assumed to roll over to the surviving co-client at the death of the original owner. It is also assumed the surviving co-client inherits all assets of the original owner.


## Worksheet Detail - Retirement Distribution Cash Flow Chart

## Scenario : What If Scenario 1 using Average Returns

| Year <br> Age (Timothy / Susan) |  | $\begin{gathered} 2031 \\ 66 / 66 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2032 \\ 67 / 67 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2033 \\ 68 / 68 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2034 \\ 69 / 69 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2035 \\ 70 / 70 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2036 \\ 71 / 71 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2037 \\ 72 / 72 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2038 \\ 73 / 73 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Retirement and Strategy Income | Assign To |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part-Time Employment | Fund All Goals | 25,546 | 26,121 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Part-Time Employment | Fund All Goals | 25,546 | 26,121 | 26,709 | 27,310 | 27,924 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rental Property Income | Fund All Goals | 19,160 | 19,591 | 20,032 | 20,482 | 20,943 | 21,414 | 21,896 | 22,389 |
| Social Security - Susan | Fund All Goals | 0 | 41,390 | 42,321 | 43,273 | 44,247 | 45,242 | 46,260 | 47,301 |
| Social Security - Timothy | Fund All Goals | 0 | 36,370 | 37,188 | 38,025 | 38,880 | 39,755 | 40,650 | 41,564 |
| Total Retirement and Strategy Income |  | 70,252 | 149,592 | 126,249 | 129,090 | 131,995 | 106,412 | 108,806 | 111,254 |
| Total Income |  | 70,252 | 149,592 | 126,249 | 129,090 | 131,995 | 106,412 | 108,806 | 111,254 |
| Cash Used To Fund Goals | Estimated \% Funded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Car / Truck | 100.00\% | 25,546 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Health Care | 100.00\% | 18,113 | 19,225 | 20,444 | 21,761 | 23,187 | 24,717 | 26,341 | 28,038 |
| Retirement - Basic Living Expense | 100.00\% | 88,228 | 90,213 | 92,243 | 94,318 | 96,440 | 98,610 | 100,829 | 103,097 |
| Travel | 100.00\% | 3,832 | 3,918 | 4,006 | 4,096 | 4,189 | 4,283 | 4,379 | 4,478 |
| Home Improvement | 100.00\% | 76,639 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Goal Funding |  | $(212,357)$ | $(113,356)$ | $(116,693)$ | $(120,176)$ | $(123,816)$ | $(127,609)$ | $(131,549)$ | $(135,613)$ |
| Total Taxes and Tax Penalty |  | $(24,335)$ | $(18,657)$ | $(14,303)$ | $(14,584)$ | $(14,862)$ | $(16,294)$ | $(19,837)$ | $(20,591)$ |
| Total Outflows |  | $(236,693)$ | $(132,013)$ | $(130,996)$ | $(134,760)$ | $(138,678)$ | $(143,903)$ | $(151,387)$ | $(156,204)$ |
| Cash Surplus/Deficit (Net Income) |  | $(166,441)$ | 17,580 | $(4,747)$ | $(5,670)$ | $(6,683)$ | $(37,491)$ | $(42,581)$ | $(44,950)$ |

## Portfolio Value

## Future Dollars

| Beginning Value | $1,205,451$ | $1,091,335$ | $1,164,766$ | $1,218,444$ | $1,273,853$ | $1,330,986$ | $1,358,635$ | $1,382,335$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Strategy Reductions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Investment Earnings | 52,325 | 55,852 | 58,424 | 61,079 | 63,816 | 65,140 | 66,281 | 67,359 |
| Cash Surplus/Deficit | $(166,441)$ | 17,580 | $(4,747)$ | $(5,670)$ | $(6,683)$ | $(37,491)$ | $(42,581)$ | $(44,950)$ |
| Investment Asset Additions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Worksheet Detail - Retirement Distribution Cash Flow Chart

## Scenario : What If Scenario 1 using Average Returns

| Year <br> Age (Timothy / Susan) | $\begin{gathered} 2031 \\ 66 / 66 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2032 \\ 67 / 67 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2033 \\ 68 / 68 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2034 \\ 69 / 69 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2035 \\ 70 / 70 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2036 \\ 71 / 71 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2037 \\ 72 / 72 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2038 \\ 73 / 73 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ending Value | 1,091,335 | 1,164,766 | 1,218,444 | 1,273,853 | 1,330,986 | 1,358,635 | 1,382,335 | 1,404,744 |
| Current Dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ending Value | 854,401 | 891,824 | 912,394 | 932,895 | 953,287 | 951,677 | 946,971 | 941,147 |
| Cash Surplus/Deficit | $(130,306)$ | 13,460 | $(3,555)$ | $(4,152)$ | $(4,787)$ | $(26,261)$ | $(29,170)$ | $(30,115)$ |
| Taxes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Taxes | 24,335 | 18,657 | 14,303 | 14,584 | 14,862 | 16,294 | 19,837 | 20,591 |
| Tax Penalty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Federal Marginal Tax Rate | 22.00\% | 12.00\% | 12.00\% | 12.00\% | 12.00\% | 12.00\% | 12.00\% | 12.00\% |
| State Marginal and Local Tax Rate | 5.75\% | 5.75\% | 5.75\% | 5.75\% | 5.75\% | 5.75\% | 5.75\% | 5.75\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estimated Required Minimum Distribution (RMD) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Timothy | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43,676 | 45,690 |
| Susan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9,396 | 9,829 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adjusted Portfolio Value | 1,205,451 | 1,091,335 | 1,164,766 | 1,218,444 | 1,273,853 | 1,330,986 | 1,358,635 | 1,382,335 |
| Portfolio Withdrawal Rate | 13.81\% | -1.61\% | 0.41\% | 0.47\% | 0.52\% | 2.82\% | 3.13\% | 3.25\% |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Worksheet Detail - Retirement Distribution Cash Flow Chart

## Scenario : What If Scenario 1 using Average Returns

| Year <br> Age (Timothy / Susan) |  | $\begin{gathered} 2039 \\ 74 / 74 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2040 \\ 75 / 75 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2041 \\ 76 / 76 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2042 \\ 77 / 77 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2043 \\ 78 / 78 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2044 \\ 79 / 79 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2045 \\ 80 / 80 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2046 \\ 81 / 81 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Retirement and Strategy Income | Assign To |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part-Time Employment | Fund All Goals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Part-Time Employment | Fund All Goals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rental Property Income | Fund All Goals | 22,893 | 23,408 | 23,934 | 24,473 | 25,023 | 25,586 | 26,162 | 26,751 |
| Social Security - Susan | Fund All Goals | 48,366 | 49,454 | 50,566 | 51,704 | 52,868 | 54,057 | 55,273 | 56,517 |
| Social Security - Timothy | Fund All Goals | 42,500 | 43,456 | 44,434 | 45,433 | 46,456 | 47,501 | 48,570 | 49,662 |
| Total Retirement and Strategy Income |  | 113,758 | 116,317 | 118,934 | 121,610 | 124,347 | 127,144 | 130,005 | 132,930 |
| Total Income |  | 113,758 | 116,317 | 118,934 | 121,610 | 124,347 | 127,144 | 130,005 | 132,930 |
| Cash Used To Fund Goals | Estimated \% Funded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Car / Truck | 100.00\% | 0 | 0 | 31,912 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Health Care | 100.00\% | 29,844 | 31,753 | 33,782 | 35,919 | 38,118 | 40,425 | 42,881 | 45,464 |
| Retirement - Basic Living Expense | 100.00\% | 105,417 | 107,789 | 110,214 | 112,694 | 115,230 | 117,822 | 120,473 | 123,184 |
| Travel | 100.00\% | 4,579 | 4,682 | 4,787 | 4,895 | 5,005 | 5,117 | 5,232 | 0 |
| Home Improvement | 100.00\% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Goal Funding |  | $(139,840)$ | $(144,224)$ | $(180,695)$ | $(153,508)$ | $(158,353)$ | $(163,364)$ | $(168,587)$ | $(168,648)$ |
| Total Taxes and Tax Penalty |  | $(21,373)$ | $(22,184)$ | $(22,778)$ | $(23,581)$ | $(24,647)$ | $(25,683)$ | $(26,741)$ | $(27,892)$ |
| Total Outflows |  | $(161,212)$ | $(166,407)$ | $(203,473)$ | $(177,089)$ | $(182,999)$ | $(189,047)$ | $(195,327)$ | $(196,540)$ |
| Cash Surplus/Deficit (Net Income) |  | $(47,455)$ | $(50,090)$ | $(84,538)$ | $(55,478)$ | $(58,653)$ | $(61,903)$ | $(65,322)$ | $(63,609)$ |

## Portfolio Value

## Future Dollars

| Beginning Value | $1,404,744$ | $1,425,656$ | $1,444,857$ | $1,428,835$ | $1,442,534$ | $1,453,603$ | $1,461,829$ | $1,466,887$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Strategy Reductions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Investment Earnings | 68,366 | 69,291 | 68,516 | 69,177 | 69,721 | 70,129 | 70,380 | 70,733 |
| Cash Surplus/Deficit | $(47,455)$ | $(50,090)$ | $(84,538)$ | $(55,478)$ | $(58,653)$ | $(61,903)$ | $(65,322)$ | $(63,609)$ |
| Investment Asset Additions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Worksheet Detail - Retirement Distribution Cash Flow Chart

## Scenario : What If Scenario 1 using Average Returns

| Year <br> Age (Timothy / Susan) | $\begin{gathered} 2039 \\ 74 / 74 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2040 \\ 75 / 75 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2041 \\ 76 / 76 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2042 \\ 77 / 77 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2043 \\ 78 / 78 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2044 \\ 79 / 79 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2045 \\ 80 / 80 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2046 \\ 81 / 81 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ending Value | 1,425,656 | 1,444,857 | 1,428,835 | 1,442,534 | 1,453,603 | 1,461,829 | 1,466,887 | 1,474,010 |
| Current Dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ending Value | 934,139 | 925,888 | 895,473 | 884,164 | 871,344 | 856,993 | 841,034 | 826,522 |
| Cash Surplus/Deficit | $(31,094)$ | $(32,098)$ | $(52,981)$ | $(34,004)$ | $(35,159)$ | $(36,290)$ | $(37,452)$ | $(35,667)$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taxes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Taxes | 21,373 | 22,184 | 22,778 | 23,581 | 24,647 | 25,683 | 26,741 | 27,892 |
| Tax Penalty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Federal Marginal Tax Rate | 12.00\% | 12.00\% | 12.00\% | 12.00\% | 22.00\% | 22.00\% | 22.00\% | 22.00\% |
| State Marginal and Local Tax Rate | 5.75\% | 5.75\% | 5.75\% | 5.75\% | 5.75\% | 5.75\% | 5.75\% | 5.75\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estimated Required Minimum Distribution (RMD) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Timothy | 47,789 | 49,976 | 52,254 | 54,368 | 56,825 | 59,074 | 61,386 | 63,757 |
| Susan | 10,281 | 10,751 | 11,241 | 11,696 | 12,225 | 12,709 | 13,206 | 13,716 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adjusted Portfolio Value | 1,404,744 | 1,425,656 | 1,444,857 | 1,428,835 | 1,442,534 | 1,453,603 | 1,461,829 | 1,466,887 |
| Portfolio Withdrawal Rate | 3.38\% | 3.51\% | 5.85\% | 3.88\% | 4.07\% | 4.26\% | 4.47\% | 4.34\% |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Worksheet Detail - Retirement Distribution Cash Flow Chart

## Scenario : What If Scenario 1 using Average Returns

| Year <br> Age (Timothy / Susan) |  | $\begin{gathered} 2047 \\ 82 / 82 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2048 \\ 83 / 83 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2049 \\ 84 / 84 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2050 \\ 85 / 85 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2051 \\ 86 / 86 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2052 \\ 87 / 87 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2053 \\ 88 / 88 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2054 \\ 89 / 89 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Retirement and Strategy Income | Assign To |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part-Time Employment | Fund All Goals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Part-Time Employment | Fund All Goals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rental Property Income | Fund All Goals | 27,353 | 27,968 | 28,597 | 29,241 | 29,899 | 30,572 | 31,259 | 31,963 |
| Social Security - Susan | Fund All Goals | 57,789 | 59,089 | 60,418 | 61,778 | 63,168 | 64,589 | 66,042 | 67,528 |
| Social Security - Timothy | Fund All Goals | 50,780 | 51,922 | 53,091 | 54,285 | 55,507 | 56,755 | 58,032 | 59,338 |
| Total Retirement and Strategy Income |  | 135,921 | 138,979 | 142,106 | 145,304 | 148,573 | 151,916 | 155,334 | 158,829 |
| Total Income |  | 135,921 | 138,979 | 142,106 | 145,304 | 148,573 | 151,916 | 155,334 | 158,829 |
| Cash Used To Fund Goals | Estimated \% Funded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Car / Truck | 100.00\% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 39,865 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Health Care | 100.00\% | 48,191 | 50,839 | 53,640 | 56,612 | 59,752 | 63,084 | 66,564 | 70,166 |
| Retirement - Basic Living Expense | 100.00\% | 125,956 | 128,790 | 131,687 | 134,650 | 137,680 | 140,778 | 143,945 | 147,184 |
| Travel | 100.00\% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Home Improvement | 100.00\% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Goal Funding |  | $(174,147)$ | $(179,629)$ | $(185,328)$ | $(191,262)$ | $(237,297)$ | $(203,862)$ | $(210,510)$ | $(217,350)$ |
| Total Taxes and Tax Penalty |  | $(29,067)$ | $(30,266)$ | $(31,487)$ | $(32,552)$ | $(33,077)$ | $(34,094)$ | $(35,084)$ | $(36,039)$ |
| Total Outflows |  | $(203,214)$ | $(209,895)$ | $(216,815)$ | $(223,814)$ | $(270,374)$ | $(237,956)$ | $(245,594)$ | $(253,389)$ |
| Cash Surplus/Deficit (Net Income) |  | $(67,292)$ | $(70,916)$ | $(74,708)$ | $(78,510)$ | $(121,801)$ | $(86,039)$ | $(90,260)$ | $(94,560)$ |

## Portfolio Value

## Future Dollars

| Beginning Value | $1,474,010$ | $1,477,636$ | $1,477,651$ | $1,473,695$ | $1,465,559$ | $1,411,528$ | $1,392,349$ | $1,367,781$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Strategy Reductions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Investment Earnings | 70,918 | 70,931 | 70,753 | 70,374 | 67,770 | 66,860 | 65,691 | 64,246 |
| Cash Surplus/Deficit | $(67,292)$ | $(70,916)$ | $(74,708)$ | $(78,510)$ | $(121,801)$ | $(86,039)$ | $(90,260)$ | $(94,560)$ |
| Investment Asset Additions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Worksheet Detail - Retirement Distribution Cash Flow Chart

## Scenario : What If Scenario 1 using Average Returns

| Year <br> Age (Timothy / Susan) | $\begin{gathered} 2047 \\ 82 / 82 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2048 \\ 83 / 83 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2049 \\ 84 / 84 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2050 \\ 85 / 85 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2051 \\ 86 / 86 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2052 \\ 87 / 87 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2053 \\ 88 / 88 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2054 \\ 89 / 89 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ending Value | 1,477,636 | 1,477,651 | 1,473,695 | 1,465,559 | 1,411,528 | 1,392,349 | 1,367,781 | 1,337,467 |
| Current Dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ending Value | 810,323 | 792,499 | 772,986 | 751,803 | 708,152 | 683,159 | 656,337 | 627,668 |
| Cash Surplus/Deficit | $(36,902)$ | $(38,034)$ | $(39,186)$ | $(40,274)$ | $(61,107)$ | $(42,215)$ | $(43,312)$ | $(44,377)$ |
| Taxes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Taxes | 29,067 | 30,266 | 31,487 | 32,552 | 33,077 | 34,094 | 35,084 | 36,039 |
| Tax Penalty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Federal Marginal Tax Rate | 22.00\% | 22.00\% | 22.00\% | 22.00\% | 22.00\% | 22.00\% | 22.00\% | 22.00\% |
| State Marginal and Local Tax Rate | 5.75\% | 5.75\% | 5.75\% | 5.75\% | 5.75\% | 5.75\% | 5.75\% | 5.75\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estimated Required Minimum Distribution (RMD) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Timothy | 66,184 | 68,664 | 71,192 | 73,261 | 75,313 | 77,335 | 79,311 | 81,222 |
| Susan | 14,238 | 14,772 | 15,315 | 15,761 | 16,202 | 16,637 | 17,062 | 17,473 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adjusted Portfolio Value | 1,474,010 | 1,477,636 | 1,477,651 | 1,473,695 | 1,465,559 | 1,411,528 | 1,392,349 | 1,367,781 |
| Portfolio Withdrawal Rate | 4.57\% | 4.80\% | 5.06\% | 5.33\% | 8.31\% | 6.10\% | 6.48\% | 6.91\% |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Worksheet Detail - Retirement Distribution Cash Flow Chart

## Scenario : What If Scenario 1 using Average Returns

| Year <br> Age (Timothy / Susan) |  | $\begin{gathered} 2055 \\ 90 / 90 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2056 \\ 91 / 91 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2057 \\ 92 / 92 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2058 \\ -/ 93 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2059 \\ -/ 94 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Retirement and Strategy Income | Assign To |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part-Time Employment | Fund All Goals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Part-Time Employment | Fund All Goals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rental Property Income | Fund All Goals | 32,682 | 33,417 | 34,169 | 34,938 | 35,724 |
| Social Security - Susan | Fund All Goals | 69,048 | 70,601 | 72,190 | 73,814 | 75,475 |
| Social Security - Timothy | Fund All Goals | 60,673 | 62,038 | 63,434 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Retirement and Strategy Income |  | 162,403 | 166,057 | 169,793 | 108,752 | 111,199 |
| Total Income |  | 162,403 | 166,057 | 169,793 | 108,752 | 111,199 |
| Cash Used To Fund Goals | Estimated \% Funded |  |  |  |  |  |
| Car / Truck | 100.00\% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Health Care | 100.00\% | 74,192 | 78,339 | 82,642 | 42,790 | 45,053 |
| Retirement - Basic Living Expense | 100.00\% | 150,496 | 153,882 | 157,344 | 128,707 | 131,603 |
| Travel | 100.00\% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Home Improvement | 100.00\% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Goal Funding |  | $(224,688)$ | $(232,221)$ | $(239,986)$ | $(171,497)$ | $(176,656)$ |
| Total Taxes and Tax Penalty |  | $(36,690)$ | $(37,255)$ | $(37,719)$ | $(40,270)$ | $(40,359)$ |
| Total Outflows |  | $(261,377)$ | $(269,476)$ | $(277,706)$ | $(211,767)$ | $(217,014)$ |
| Cash Surplus/Deficit (Net Income) |  | $(98,974)$ | $(103,419)$ | $(107,912)$ | $(103,015)$ | $(105,816)$ |

## Portfolio Value

## Future Dollars

| Beginning Value | $1,337,467$ | $1,300,997$ | $1,258,028$ | $1,208,178$ | $1,160,970$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Strategy Reductions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Investment Earnings | 62,505 | 60,450 | 58,063 | 55,806 | 53,293 |
| Cash Surplus/Deficit | $(98,974)$ | $(103,419)$ | $(107,912)$ | $(103,015)$ | $(105,816)$ |
| Investment Asset Additions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Worksheet Detail - Retirement Distribution Cash Flow Chart

## Scenario : What If Scenario 1 using Average Returns

| Year <br> Age (Timothy / Susan) | $\begin{gathered} 2055 \\ 90 / 90 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2056 \\ 91 / 91 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2057 \\ 92 / 92 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2058 \\ -/ 93 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2059 \\ -/ 94 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ending Value | 1,300,997 | 1,258,028 | 1,208,178 | 1,160,970 | 1,108,447 |
| Current Dollars |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ending Value | 597,118 | 564,691 | 530,381 | 498,442 | 465,420 |
| Cash Surplus/Deficit | $(45,426)$ | $(46,422)$ | $(47,373)$ | $(44,228)$ | $(44,431)$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taxes |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Taxes | 36,690 | 37,255 | 37,719 | 40,270 | 40,359 |
| Tax Penalty | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Federal Marginal Tax Rate | 22.00\% | 22.00\% | 22.00\% | 22.00\% | 22.00\% |
| State Marginal and Local Tax Rate | 5.75\% | 5.75\% | 5.75\% | 5.75\% | 5.75\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estimated Required Minimum Distribution (RMD) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Timothy | 82,319 | 83,262 | 84,026 | 0 | 0 |
| Susan | 17,709 | 17,912 | 18,076 | 102,776 | 102,020 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adjusted Portfolio Value | 1,337,467 | 1,300,997 | 1,258,028 | 1,208,178 | 1,160,970 |
| Portfolio Withdrawal Rate | 7.40\% | 7.95\% | 8.58\% | 8.53\% | 9.11\% |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Worksheet Detail - Retirement Distribution Cash Flow Chart

## Scenario : What If Scenario 1 using Average Returns

## Notes

- Additions and withdrawals occur at the beginning of the year.
- The Income section includes Retirement Income, Strategy Income, Stock Options, Restricted Stock, Other Assets, proceeds from Insurance Policies, and any remaining asset value after $72(\mathrm{t})$ distributions have been completed.
- Retirement Income includes the following: Social Security, pension, annuity, rental property, royalty, alimony, part-time employment, trust, and any other retirement income as entered in the Plan.
- When married, if either Social Security Program Estimate or Use This Amount and Evaluate Annually is selected for a participant, the program will default to the greater of the selected benefit or the age adjusted spousal benefit based on the other participant's benefit,
- Strategy Income is based on the particulars of the Goal Strategies selected. Strategy Income from immediate annuities, $72(\mathrm{t})$ distributions, and variable annuities with a guaranteed minimum withdrawal benefit (GMWB) is pre-tax. Strategy Income from Net Unrealized Appreciation (NUA) is after-tax.
- Stock Options and Restricted Stock values are after-tax.
- Income from Other Assets and proceeds from Insurance Policies are after-tax values. Any remaining asset value after $72(\mathrm{t})$ distributions have been completed is a pre-tax value.
- Investment Earnings are calculated on all assets after any withdrawals for funding Goals, taxes on withdrawals, and tax penalties, if applicable, are subtracted
- Shortfalls that occur in a particular year are denoted with an 'x' in the Cash Used to Fund Goals section of the chart.
- Portfolio Withdrawal Rate (\%) is the percentage withdrawn from the investment portfolio to cover cash deficits.
- The Total Taxes are a sum of (1) taxes on retirement income, (2) taxes on strategy income, (3) taxes on withdrawals from qualified assets for Required Minimum Distributions, (4) taxes on withdrawals from taxable assets' untaxed gain used to fund Goals in that year, (5) taxes on withdrawals from tax-deferred or qualified assets used to fund Goals in that year, and (6) taxes on the investment earnings of taxable assets. Tax rates used are detailed in the Tax and Inflation Options page. (Please note, the Total Taxes do not include any taxes owed from the exercise of Stock Options or the vesting of Restricted Stock.)
- Tax Penalties can occur when Qualified and Tax-Deferred Assets are used prior to age $591 / 2$. If there is a value in this row, it illustrates that you are using your assets in this Plan in a manner that may incur tax penalties. Generally, it is better to avoid tax penalties whenever possible.
- The Cash Surplus/Deficit is the net change in the Portfolio Value for the specified year. This value is your income and earnings minus what was spent to fund Goals minus taxes.
- The Ending Value of the Portfolio in Current Dollars is calculated by discounting the Ending Value of the Portfolio in Future Dollars by the Base Inflation Rate for this Plan,
- The Cash Surplus/Deficit in Current Dollars is calculated by discounting the Cash Surplus/Deficit in Future Dollars by the Base Inflation Rate for this Plan.
- These calculations do not incorporate penalties associated with use of 529 Plan withdrawals for non-qualified expenses.
- When married, ownership of qualified assets is assumed to roll over to the surviving co-client at the death of the original owner. It is also assumed the surviving co-client inherits all assets of the original owner.


## Worksheet Detail - Retirement Distribution Cash Flow Graphs

## Scenario : What If Scenario 1 using Average Returns

This graph shows the ending portfolio value for each year, from retirement through the End of the Plan. Amounts are shown in future dollars. The Ending Portfolio Values are estimates based on all the assumptions that you have included in this Plan.

Portfolio Value During Retirement in Future Dollars (Impact of Cash Surplus/Deficit on Portfolio Value)


See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Worksheet Detail - Retirement Distribution Cash Flow Graphs

## Scenario : What If Scenario 1 using Average Returns

This graph shows the cash surplus or cash deficit year-by-year, from retirement through the End of the Plan. Amounts are shown in future dollars.

Annual Cash Surplus/Deficit Graph in Future Dollars
Cash Deficit

## Notes

- The Annual Cash Surplus/Deficit Graph illustrates the change in Ending Portfolio Values from one year to the next. If there is a surplus, the estimated Ending Portfolio Value is greater than the Value in the past year. If there is a deficit, the estimated Ending Portfolio Value is less than the Value in past year. If there is no bar graph shown, it indicates that the Ending Portfolio Value is zero, which means that the entire portfolio has been spent.


## Worksheet Detail - Cash Used to Fund Goals

## Scenario : What If Scenario 1 using Average Returns

This graph shows the amounts available to fund each Goal from retirement through the End of the Plan. In each year, the amount available includes the portfolio principal, retirement income, investment earnings, and any lump-sum additions to the portfolio. All amounts are in after-tax, future dollars.


Notes

- The value shown for each Goal is the amount available to fund the Goal, based on all the assumptions that you have included in this Plan. In any year, this value can be less than the amount you specified for the Goal expense. This graph does not indicate whether or not you have a Goal shortfall in any year. Rather, it shows the amount of the Goal expense that was funded, assuming that you execute all aspects of the Plan as you have indicated. Goals are funded in the order specified in the Plan.

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Worksheet Detail - Sources of Income and Earnings

## Scenario : What If Scenario 1 using Average Returns

This graph shows the income sources and investment earnings available in each year from retirement through the End of the Plan.


## Notes

- Sources of Income can include Retirement Income, Strategy Income, Stock Options, Restricted Stock, Other Assets, proceeds from Insurance Policies, and any remaining asset value after $72(\mathrm{t})$ distributions have been completed.
- Investment Earnings are calculated on all assets after any withdrawals for funding Goals, taxes on withdrawals, and tax penalties, if applicable, are subtracted.
- All Retirement Income, Immediate Annuity Strategy Income, 72(t) Strategy Income, the remaining asset value after 72(t) distributions, Strategy income from Variable Annuities with a guaranteed minimum withdrawal benefit (GMWB), and Investment Earnings are pre-tax, future values.
- NUA Strategy Income, Stock Options, Restricted Stock, Other Assets, and proceeds from Insurance Policies are after-tax future values.
- When married, if either Social Security Program Estimate or Use This Amount and Evaluate Annually is selected for a participant, the program will default to the greater of the selected benefit or the age adjusted spousal benefit based on the other participant's benefit.

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Worksheet Detail - Inside the Numbers Final Result

## Inside the Numbers - Final Result For What If Scenario 1

- The graph below shows the results for all 1000 Monte Carlo Trials.
- The Probability of Success meter displays the percentage of trials that were successful in funding all of your goals.
- We identify the Confidence Zone as a probability of Success between $70 \%$ and $90 \%$.



In the table below, values are shown for the 99th, 75th, 50th, 25th and 1st percentile trials based on the End of Plan value. For each trial displayed, the corresponding portfolio value is illustrated for specific years of the plan. These trials serve as checkpoints to illustrate how the portfolio might perform over the life of the plan.

| Trial Number | Percentile | Year 5 | Year 10 | Year 15 | Year 20 | Year 25 | End of Plan Future Dollars | End of Plan Current Dollars | Year Money Goes to \$0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | 99th Percentile | \$794,384 | \$1,804,891 | \$2,370,856 | \$4,279,634 | \$3,993,650 | \$9,785,829 | \$4,108,925 |  |
| 250 | 75th Percentile | \$1,053,590 | \$1,426,645 | \$2,066,840 | \$2,051,835 | \$2,504,258 | \$2,938,389 | \$1,233,786 |  |
| 500 | 50th Percentile | \$543,185 | \$938,088 | \$1,474,808 | \$1,712,889 | \$2,055,460 | \$1,443,847 | \$606,250 |  |
| 750 | 25th Percentile | \$909,267 | \$1,207,050 | \$1,068,248 | \$1,303,828 | \$1,180,587 | \$355,716 | \$149,360 |  |
| 990 | 1st Percentile | \$863,847 | \$923,898 | \$767,467 | \$444,010 | \$131,490 | \$0 | \$0 | 2047 |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith

## Worksheet Detail - Allocation Comparison

## Scenario : What If Scenario 1

These charts compare your Current Portfolio with the Composite Portfolio you selected and show changes associated with investment strategies (if applicable) and allocation changes you should consider.
Current Portfolio

| Projected Returns |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{4 . 6 5 \%}$ | Total Return | $\mathbf{5 . 0 3 \%}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 . 2 5 \%}$ | Base Inflation Rate | $\mathbf{2 . 2 5 \%}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 . 4 0 \%}$ | Real Return | $\mathbf{2 . 7 8 \%}$ |
| $\mathbf{9 . 7 9 \%}$ | Standard Deviation | $\mathbf{9 . 8 9 \%}$ |
| Bear Market Returns |  |  |
| $\mathbf{- 2 4 \%}$ | Great Recession | $\mathbf{- 2 1 \%}$ |
| $\mathbf{9 \%}$ | Bond Bear Market | $\mathbf{4 \%}$ |

Portfolio Comparison with Allocation Changes

| Current Amount | \% of Total | Asset Class | \% of Total | Composite Amount | Increase / Decrease |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$171,000 | 31\% | $\square$ Cash \& Cash Alternatives | 4\% | \$22,400 | -\$148,600 |
| \$30,500 | 5\% | - Short Term Bonds | 26\% | \$145,600 | \$115,100 |
| \$34,000 | 6\% | $\square$ Intermediate Term Bonds | 16\% | \$89,600 | \$55,600 |
| \$22,000 | 4\% | $\square$ Long Term Bonds | 0\% | \$0 | -\$22,000 |
| \$42,500 | 8\% | - Large Cap Value Stocks | 23\% | \$128,800 | \$86,300 |
| \$260,000 | 46\% | - Large Cap Growth Stocks | 14\% | \$78,400 | -\$181,600 |
| \$0 | 0\% | - Mid Cap Stocks | 0\% | \$0 | \$0 |
| \$0 | 0\% | $\square$ Small Cap Stocks | 6\% | \$33,600 | \$33,600 |
| \$0 | 0\% | $\square$ International Developed Stocks | 11\% | \$61,600 | \$61,600 |
| \$0 | 0\% | - International Emerging Stocks | 0\% | \$0 | \$0 |
| \$0 | 0\% | - REITs | 0\% | \$0 | \$0 |
| \$0 | 0\% | $\square$ Commodities | 0\% | \$0 | \$0 |
| \$0 | 0\% | $\square$ Fixed Index | 0\% | \$0 | \$0 |
| \$0 | 0\% | - 3\% Fixed | 0\% | \$0 | \$0 |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Worksheet Detail - Allocation Comparison

Scenario: What If Scenario 1

## Portfolio Comparison with Allocation Changes

| Current Amount | \% of Total | Asset Class | $\%$ of Total | Composite Amount | Increase / Decrease |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 0$ | $0 \%$ | Unclassified | $0 \%$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| $\mathbf{\$ 5 6 0 , 0 0 0}$ |  |  |  | $\mathbf{\$ 5 6 0 , 0 0 0}$ |  |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Worksheet Detail - Risk/Reward

Risk / Reward for What If Scenario 1


See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Worksheet Detail - Social Security Analysis

Social Security Analysis for What If Scenario 1

| Social Security Strategy | Selected <br> Strategy | As Soon As Possible | At Retirement | At FRA | At Age 70 | Susan begins at age 70 and Timothy begins at FRA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Start age |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Timothy | 67 | 62 | 66 | 67 | 70 | 67 |
| Susan | 67 | 62 | 63 | 67 | 70 | 70 |
| First year benefit in current dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Timothy | \$27,847 | \$0 | \$25,111 | \$27,847 | \$34,531 | \$27,847 |
| Susan | \$31,691 | \$0 | \$22,888 | \$31,691 | \$39,297 | \$39,297 |
| Total lifetime benefit in current dollars | \$1,611,370 | \$1,231,786 | \$1,462,374 | \$1,611,370 | \$1,776,617 | \$1,706,442 |
| Probability of success | 80\% | 56\% | 73\% | 80\% | 88\% | 84\% |
| Break Even Point |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Timothy | 72 | N/A | 63 | 72 | 76 | 74 |
| Susan | 72 | N/A | 63 | 72 | 76 | 74 |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Worksheet Detail - Social Security Analysis

## Social Security Analysis for What If Scenario 1

## Notes

## Selected Strategy:

This is the strategy you selected

## At FRA:

You apply for and begin retirement benefits at your Full Retirement Age (FRA), which is determined by your date of birth. If the retirement age you specified is after your FRA, we assume you will begin benefits at FRA, and we will adjust the benefit for inflation until your retirement age.

## At Retirement

You apply for and begin retirement benefits at the retirement age shown. The benefit is automatically adjusted to account for excess earnings from part-time work and/or taking benefits prior to your FRA, if either is applicable.

## As soon as possible:

You apply for and begin benefits at the later of your current age or age 62. The benefit is automatically adjusted to account for excess earnings from part-time work, if applicable, and taking benefits prior to your FRA. If you are age 62 or older, this option is not available.

## At age 70:

You apply for and begin benefits at age 70

## (Higher Wage Earner) begins at age $\mathbf{7 0}$ and (Lower Wage Earner) begins at FRA:

This strategy is available only if you are married. The higher wage earner applies for and begins benefits at age 70. The lower wage earner applies for and begins benefits at his/her FRA. The higher/lower wage earners are determined based on the employment incomes you specified.

## (Higher Wage Earner) files/suspends and (Lower Wage Earner) restricted application:

This strategy is available only if you are married and assumes that you filed for and suspended your benefits prior to April 30, 2016 and your spouse reached age 62 by January 1, 2016. The higher wage earner applies for and suspends taking benefits until age 70 . The higher wage earner can file at or after his/her FRA, at which time the spouse (the lower wage earner) files for and takes spousal benefits. The spouse then files for and begins his/her own benefit at age 70, at the higher benefit amount.
The lower wage earner makes a restricted application at his/her FRA. Restricted application allows the account holder to apply only for the "spousal benefit" s/he would be due under dual entitlement rules. At any age beyond his/her FRA, the lower wage earner can apply for and receive benefits based on his/her own work history.

After April 30, 2016, you (or your spouse) can still file and suspend your benefits upon reaching your FRA; but this strategy (that allowed your spouse to receive spousal benefits for the same period that the benefits are suspended) has been discontinued by the Social Security Administration.

## (Lower Wage Earner) files/suspends and (Higher Wage Earner) restricted application:

This strategy is available only if you are married and assumes that you filed for and suspended your benefits prior to April 30, 2016 and your spouse reached age 62 by January 1, 2016. The lower wage earner applies for and suspends taking benefits until age 70. The lower wage earner can file at or after his/her FRA, at which time the spouse (the higher wage earner) files for and takes spousal benefits. The spouse then files for and begins his/her own benefit at age 70, at the higher benefit amount
The higher wage earner makes a restricted application at his/her FRA. Restricted application allows the account holder to apply only for the "spousal benefit" s/he would be due under dual entitlement rules. At any age beyond his/her FRA, the higher wage earner can apply for and receive benefits based on his/her own work history.
After April 30, 2016, you (or your spouse) can still file and suspend your benefits upon reaching your FRA; but this strategy (that allowed your spouse to receive spousal benefits for the same period that the benefits are suspended ) has been discontinued by the Social Security Administration.

## Maximized Benefits:

This is the strategy that provides the highest estimate of lifetime Social Security income, assuming you live to the age(s) shown on the Detailed Results page.

## Total Lifetime Benefit:

The total estimate of benefits you and your co-client, if applicable, would receive in your lifetime, assuming you live to the age(s) shown on the Detailed Results page. This amount is in current (non-inflated) dollars.

## Break Even Point:

The age(s) at which this strategy would provide benefits equivalent to the "As Soon As Possible" strategy. If you live longer than the "break even" age for a strategy, your total lifetime benefits using that strategy would be greater than the lifetime benefits of the "As Soon As Possible" strategy. If you are older than age 62 and the "As Soon As Possible" strategy is not shown, the break even comparison uses the strategy that begins at the earliest age(s) as the baseline for comparison.

Risk Management

## Life Insurance Needs Analysis

## Scenario : Current Scenario

Life insurance can be an important source of funds for your family in the event of your premature death. In this section, we analyze whether there are sufficient investment assets and other resources to support your family upon your death and, if there is a deficit, what additional life insurance may be required to provide the income needed by your survivors.

## If Timothy Dies

Living Expenses covered until Susan is 94

\$654,389
\$850,000
\$0Life Insurance Needed
Existing Life Insurance
Additional Needed

If Susan Dies
Living Expenses covered until Timothy is 92


See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Life Insurance Needs Analysis Detail

| Scenario : Current Scenario |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assumptions |  |  |
| If Timothy Dies |  | If Susan Dies |
| Today | Time of Death | Today |
| 63 | Survivor's Retirement Age | 65 |
| \$0 | Desired Safety Margin | \$0 |
| \$0 | Premium (per \$1,000) of Additional Insurance | \$0 |
| Life Insurance |  |  |
| If Timothy Dies |  | If Susan Dies |
| \$850,000 | Existing Life Insurance | \$250,000 |
| \$0 | Additional Death Benefit | \$0 |
| Liabilities and Final Expenses |  |  |
| If Timothy Dies |  | If Susan Dies |
| \$270,000 | Debts Paid Off | \$270,000 |
| \$10,000 | Final Expenses and Estate Taxes | \$10,000 |
| \$0 | Bequests | \$0 |
| \$0 | Other Payments | \$0 |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Life Insurance Needs Analysis Detail



Financial Goals
Checked boxes indicate Goals to be funded upon death.

| If Timothy Dies |  | If Susan Dies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\checkmark$ | Car / Truck | $\checkmark$ |
| $\checkmark$ | Home Improvement | $\checkmark$ |
| $\checkmark$ | College - Matthew | $\checkmark$ |
| $\checkmark$ | Travel | $\checkmark$ |

Sell Other Assets

| If Timothy Dies |  | If Susan Dies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 0$ | Amount of cash provided by sale of Assets (after tax) | $\$ 0$ |

Your Assets that are not being sold to fund Goals are listed below.

| Description | Current Value |
| :--- | :---: |
| Home | $\$ 350,000$ |
| Real Estate | $\$ 200,000$ |

## See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Life Insurance Needs Analysis Detail



See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith Prepared by: Advisor Name

## Disability Needs Analysis - Timothy

## If Timothy is Disabled

Disability Insurance can provide an important source of funds during the time when you are unable to work due to a prolonged illness or injury. This section compares your income needs to your income sources for various disability periods. If there is an Income Shortfall, you may want to consider the purchase of a Disability Insurance Policy.


[^1]See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Disability Needs Analysis - Timothy

| If Timothy is Disabled |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Refine Needs Analysis |  |  |  |
| Social Security |  |  |  |
| Do you want to include Social Security Disability Benefits in the analysis? |  | No |  |
| Other Income (pre-tax, current dollars) |  |  |  |
| Start year |  | 2020 |  |
| Stop year |  | 2031 |  |
| Annual amount |  | \$40,000 |  |
| Will this amount increase with inflation? |  | No |  |
| Income Needed (pre-tax, current dollars) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| During the first year | During these years |  |  |
| Month $1 \quad \$ 15,000$ per month | Year 2 | \$15,000 per month | \$180,000 per year |
| Month 2 \& 3 (\$15,000 per month | Year 3-5 | \$15,000 per month | \$180,000 per year |
| Month 4 \& $5 \quad \$ 15,000$ per month | Year 6 to Age 65 | \$15,000 per month | \$180,000 per year |
| Month 6-12 \$15,000 per month |  |  |  |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith Prepared by: Advisor Name
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Disability Needs Analysis - Timothy

## If Timothy is Disabled

Surplus or Shortfall During First Year
All amounts in this table are monthly, pre-tax amounts.

| First Year - <br> Month | Income Needed | Employment <br> Income | Other Income | Social Security <br> Benefit | Group* <br> Insurance | Personal <br> Insurance | Surplus or <br> (Shortfall) |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 6,667$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 5,000$ |
| 2 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 6,667$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 600$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 4,400$ |
| 3 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 6,667$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 600$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 4,400$ |
| 4 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 6,667$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 600$ | $-\$ 4,400$ |  |
| 5 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 6,667$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 600$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 6 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 6,667$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 600$ | $-\$ 4,400$ |  |
| 7 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 6,667$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 600$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 4,400$ |
| 8 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 6,667$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 600$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 4,400$ |
| 9 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 6,667$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 600$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 4,400$ |
| 10 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 6,667$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 600$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 4,400$ |
| 11 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 6,667$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 600$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 4,400$ |
| 12 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 6,667$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 600$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 4,400$ |

[^2]See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Disability Needs Analysis - Timothy

## If Timothy is Disabled

Surplus or Shortfall by Age
All amounts in this table are annual, pre-tax amounts.

| Age | Income Needed | Employment <br> Income | Other Income | Social Security <br> Benefit | Group* <br> Insurance | Personal <br> Insurance | Surplus or <br> (Shortfall) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 55 | $\$ 184,050$ | $\$ 81,800$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 7,344$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 54,906$ |
| 56 | $\$ 188,191$ | $\$ 83,641$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 7,488$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 57,063$ |
| 57 | $\$ 192,425$ | $\$ 85,522$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 636$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 66,267$ |
| 58 | $\$ 196,755$ | $\$ 87,447$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 69,308$ |
| 59 | $\$ 201,182$ | $\$ 89,414$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 71,768$ |
| 60 | $\$ 205,709$ | $\$ 91,426$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 74,283$ |
| 61 | $\$ 210,337$ | $\$ 93,483$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 76,854$ |
| 62 | $\$ 215,070$ | $\$ 95,586$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 79,483$ |
| 63 | $\$ 219,909$ | $\$ 97,737$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 82,171$ |
| 64 | $\$ 224,857$ | $\$ 99,936$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 84,920$ |
| 65 | $\$ 229,916$ | $\$ 102,185$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 87,731$ |

* The benefit amount may include an after-tax portion that has been grossed up to reflect its pre-tax value.

Notes

- Disability benefits may be subject to an elimination period or benefit age cap.
- Income Needed is the amount you have indicated is necessary to maintain your standard of living during the disability period.

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Disability Needs Analysis - Susan

## If Susan is Disabled

Disability Insurance can provide an important source of funds during the time when you are unable to work due to a prolonged illness or injury. This section compares your income needs to your income sources for various disability periods. If there is an Income Shortfall, you may want to consider the purchase of a Disability Insurance Policy.


* The benefit amount may include an after-tax portion that has been grossed up to reflect its pre-tax value.

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Disability Needs Analysis - Susan



See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith Prepared by: Advisor Name
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Disability Needs Analysis - Susan

## If Susan is Disabled

Surplus or Shortfall During First Year
All amounts in this table are monthly, pre-tax amounts.

| First Year - <br> Month | Income Needed | Employment <br> Income | Other Income | Social Security <br> Benefit | Group* <br> Insurance | Personal <br> Insurance | Surplus or <br> (Shortfall) |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 5,000$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 6,667$ |
| 2 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 5,000$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 6,667$ |
| 3 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 5,000$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 6,667$ |
| 4 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 5,000$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 6,667$ |
| 5 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 5,000$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 6,667$ |
| 6 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 5,000$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 6,667$ |
| 7 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 5,000$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 6,667$ |
| 8 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 5,000$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 6,667$ |
| 9 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 5,000$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 6,667$ |
| 10 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 5,000$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 6,667$ |
| 11 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 5,000$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 12 | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 5,000$ | $\$ 3,333$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0,667$ |  |

[^3]See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Disability Needs Analysis - Susan

## If Susan is Disabled

Surplus or Shortfall by Age
All amounts in this table are annual, pre-tax amounts.

| Age | Income Needed | Employment <br> Income | Other Income | Social Security <br> Benefit | Group* <br> Insurance | Personal <br> Insurance | Surplus or <br> (Shortfall) |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 55 | $\$ 184,050$ | $\$ 61,350$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 82,700$ |
| 56 | $\$ 188,191$ | $\$ 62,730$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 85,461$ |
| 57 | $\$ 192,425$ | $\$ 64,142$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 88,284$ |
| 58 | $\$ 196,755$ | $\$ 65,585$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 91,170$ |
| 59 | $\$ 201,182$ | $\$ 67,061$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 94,121$ |
| 60 | $\$ 205,709$ | $\$ 68,570$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 97,139$ |
| 61 | $\$ 210,337$ | $\$ 70,112$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 100,225$ |
| 62 | $\$ 215,070$ | $\$ 71,690$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 103,380$ |
| 63 | $\$ 219,909$ | $\$ 73,303$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 106,606$ |
| 64 | $\$ 224,857$ | $\$ 74,952$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 109,904$ |
| 65 | $\$ 229,916$ | $\$ 76,639$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $-\$ 113,277$ |

* The benefit amount may include an after-tax portion that has been grossed up to reflect its pre-tax value.

Notes

- Disability benefits may be subject to an elimination period or benefit age cap.
- Income Needed is the amount you have indicated is necessary to maintain your standard of living during the disability period.

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Long-Term Care Needs Analysis - Timothy

## Scenario : What If Scenario 1

One of the greatest threats to the financial well-being of many people over 50 is the possible need for an extended period of Long-Term Care, either at home, in an Assisted Living Facility or in a Nursing Home. This Section demonstrates how these expenses could adversely affect your Investment Portfolio and how you might protect it with a Long-Term Care policy.
This graph shows what would happen to your portfolio if Timothy enters a Nursing Home at age 80 for 3 years at an annual cost, in Current Dollars, of \$98,550 inflating at 4.50\%.

Effect of Long-Term Care Expense on your Investment Portfolio


Total Cost of Long-Term Care :
Total of Existing Long-Term Care Policy
Benefits :
Total Benefits from purchasing a new \$0
Long-Term Care Policy:
Amount offset by expense reduction
during care period
Net Cost of care to be paid fromPortfolio Value without Long-Term Care Expense
Portfolio Value with Long-Term Care Expense without new LTC Insurance
Portfolio Value with Long-Term Care Expense and with new LTC Insurance
Shortfall - Total Cumulative Expenses not covered by Portfolio

- Shortfall - Total Cumulative Expenses not covered by Portfolio or new LTC Insurance

Portfolio :

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Long-Term Care Needs Analysis - Susan

## Scenario : What If Scenario 1

One of the greatest threats to the financial well-being of many people over 50 is the possible need for an extended period of Long-Term Care, either at home, in an Assisted Living Facility or in a Nursing Home. This Section demonstrates how these expenses could adversely affect your Investment Portfolio and how you might protect it with a Long-Term Care policy.

This graph shows what would happen to your portfolio if Susan enters a Nursing Home at age 80 for 3 years at an annual cost, in Current Dollars, of $\$ 98,550$ inflating at $4.50 \%$.


See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

Estate Analysis

## Estate Analysis Introduction

This section of your report provides a general overview of your current estate situation and shows the projected value of your estate at death. It includes an estimate of Federal Estate taxes, expenses, and the amounts to be received by your beneficiaries. If appropriate, this report also illustrates one or more estate planning strategies that you may want to consider

Important Note: This analysis is intended solely to illustrate potential estate analysis issues. Prior to taking any action, we recommend that you review the legal and/or tax implication of this analysis with your personal legal and/or tax advisor.

You have told us the following about your current Estate situation;

- Neither Timothy nor Susan have a Will.
- Neither Timothy nor Susan have a Medical Directive.
- Neither Timothy nor Susan have a Power Of Attorney.

This Estate Analysis assumes that you both maintain valid wills that bequeath all assets to each other (Simple Will). This Estate Analysis may not accurately reflect your current estate where one or both of you does not have a Simple Will.
It is important that both of you have a Will that is valid and up-to-date. Your Wills should be periodically reviewed by your legal advisor. You should also discuss the appropriateness of a Medical Directive and Power of Attorney with your legal advisor.
You have indicated that you have not made provisions for a Bypass Trust. When this analysis illustrates the potential benefit of a Bypass Trust, it assumes that your assets will be properly titled and appropriate to fully fund the amount shown.

## The Need for Estate Planning

## How Will You Be Remembered?

It is often said that you cannot take your money with you; however, it is somewhat comforting to know that you can determine what happens to it after you're gone. A well-designed estate plan can not only help make sure that your assets go where you want them to, but also makes the process simpler, faster, less expensive, and less painful. Such planning followed by an orderly transition of your estate can have a positive impact on the people you care about.

## Goal Planning is Important

When it comes to estate taxes, the tax law seemingly penalizes those who fail to plan properly. Failure to properly plan can sometimes lead to greater estate taxes due. A well-designed estate plan can potentially reduce taxes substantially, and leave more money for your heirs.

## Probate - Expense and Delays

Probate is the legal process for settling your Estate, which basically means that all your debts and taxes are paid and remaining assets are distributed. Probate can be time consuming and expensive, and is open to public review. A well-designed estate plan can reduce the costs of probate, save time, and even avoid probate for many assets.

## Your Beneficiaries - Leaving More

The desire to control the ultimate disposition of that which we accumulate during our lifetime and to provide for those we care about is a strong motivation in most people. In this regard, there are many questions to answer:

- Who should get the money, and how much?
- When should they get it - all at once or over time?
- Who will manage the money?
- Do you want to place restrictions on some assets such as a business or property?
- How much should go to charity?
- Who gets important tangible assets (e.g. wedding rings, family heirlooms)?
- Which assets do you want sold? Which assets should never be sold?
- Will there be enough liquidity to pay taxes?


## You - Having Enough

Estate Planning focuses on what happens after you die and includes strategies you can employ to increase the amount of your assets that pass to your beneficiaries. Some of these strategies, such as gifting and purchasing life insurance, can cost you a significant amount of money during your lifetime. While this is certainly financially helpful for your heirs, is it financially sound for you? A good estate plan also considers the impact of these strategies on you, while you're alive. You want to make sure that you will have enough money to support your own lifestyle, before spending money to help your heirs.

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Estate Analysis Introduction

## Important Information on Assumptions

This analysis makes a number of assumptions that could significantly affect your results including, but not limited to, the following:

- Both of you are U.S. Citizens.
- For married clients, ownership of qualified assets is assumed to roll over to the surviving co-client at the death of the original owner. For domestic partners, qualified assets are assumed to be transferred as a non-spousal inheritance to the surviving co-client at the death of the original owner. In both cases, the Program assumes the surviving co-client inherits all remaining assets of the original owner.
- State inheritance or gift taxes have not been incorporated.
- Gift taxes are not calculated every year, but are totaled and settled at the death of the donor.
- Generation-skipping taxes, if applicable, have not been calculated.
- All custodial accounts (UGMA and/or UTMA) are not included in the estate calculations.
- All amounts contributed to 529 Savings Plans are treated as completed gifts and there is no recapture provision for any 5 -year pre-funding contribution elections.
- Financial Goals such as "Gift or Donation" or "Leave a Bequest" are not reflected in the Estate Analysis.
- Bequests stipulated in your will, including charitable bequests, are not reflected in the Estate Analysis.
- In certain calculations, the Bypass Trust may not be fully funded to the available estate exemption equivalent amount due to prior gifts, titling of assets, insufficient resources, and/or other bequests.
- The current values of vested stock options are included in the gross estate. The current values of unvested stock options are included if you indicated, on the Stock Options page, that the options vest at death.
- In the event Other Assets, such as a Primary Residence or Personal Property, are used to fund the Bypass Trust, the program assumes these assets have a specific value and can in fact be used to fund the Bypass Trust.
- If applicable, the value of any payment that continues past death created by the Immediate Annuity Goal Strategy is not included in the estate calculations.
- When applicable a State's Estate Tax Brackets and Exclusion are used to estimate a potential State Estate Tax liability, because this is an estimate, State-specific Estate Tax Laws are not included in the estate analysis.

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith Prepared by: Advisor Name

## Estate Analysis Options

| Liabilities |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| What is the remaining value of Liabilities at death? |  |  |
| Die Today (Liabilities in Plan $=\$ 270,000$ ) : | \$270,000 |  |
| Die in fixed number of years : | \$105,810 |  |
| Die at Life Expectancy (last death) : | \$0 |  |
| Taxable Gifts since 1976 on which no gift tax was paid |  |  |
| What is the value of prior gifts in excess of the | Timothy | Susan |
| annual gift exclusion on which you did not pay taxes? | \$0 | \$0 |
| Final Expenses |  |  |
| What costs do you want to include for Final Expenses? |  |  |
|  | At 1st Death | At 2nd Death |
| Funeral | \$10,000 | \$10,000 |
| Administration Fees Fixed Amount | \$0 | \$0 |
| Plus \% of Probate assets | 2.00\% | 5.00\% |

## Personal Exclusion Amount

## What assumption do you want to use for the amount of the Personal Exclusion?

Maximum Personal Exclusion Amount (Current Law)
Bypass Trust Funding Amount
Portability with no Bypass Trust

* Income in Respect of a Decedent (IRD) is income a decedent earned or was entitled to receive before death (e.g. retirement plan assets).

IRD assets are excluded from the probate estate and non-IRD assets are included in the probate estate.
See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith Prepared by: Advisor Name

## Estate Analysis Current Asset Ownership Detail

This chart summarizes the current ownership and designated beneficiary(ies) of all of your Assets used in this Plan.
Note: All Qualified Retirement Plans, IRA and Tax-deferred Assets are assumed to have the spouse as the beneficiary if married with the estate as contingent beneficiary, or the estate as the beneficiary if single. All other Assets owned individually or jointly are assumed to operate as prescribed by applicable law. We do not provide legal or tax advice. Please consult with your tax and/or legal advisor to review the ownership and beneficiary designations and their legal and tax implications since they can have a significant impact on the distribution of assets at your death and whether or not certain basic estate strategies can be implemented.

|  |  | Joint (Susan) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | Timothy | Susan | Survivorship | Common | Entirety | Community Property | Joint (Other) | Total | Beneficiaries |
| Investment Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employer Retirement Plans $401(k)$ | \$260,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$260 |  |
| Individual Retirement Accounts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Traditional IRA - Account |  | \$55,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taxable and/or Tax-Free Accounts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Account | \$160,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$160 |  |
| College Saving Plans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 529 Savings Plan | \$85,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Co-Client of Insured (100\%) |
| Total Investment Assets | \$505,000 | \$55,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$560 |  |
| Other Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Home and Personal Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Home |  |  |  | \$350,000 |  |  |  | \$350 |  |
| Business and Property |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Real Estate |  |  |  | \$200,000 |  |  |  | \$200 |  |
| Total Other Assets | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$550,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$550 |  |
| Total Assets : | \$505,000 | \$55,000 | \$0 | \$550,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,110 |  |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Estate Analysis Results Combined Summary

## Using What If Scenario 1 - Both Die today - Timothy Predeceases Susan, Both Dying in Virginia

Current Estate
$\square$ Federal Estate Tax: \$0
State Estate Tax :
\$0Estate Expenses : -\$389,200

- Amount to Heirs :
$\$ 1,735,800$


## Amount to Heirs

Net Estate Value :
\$1,735,800
Bypass Trust : ..... \$0
Other Life Insurance : ..... $\$ 0$
Life Insurance To Charity : ..... \$0
Life Insurance in Trust : ..... \$0
Other Previous Gifts : ..... $\$ 0$
Total Transfer to Heirs : ..... \$1,735,800
Cash Needed to Pay Tax and Expenses
Shortfall at First Death ..... \$0
Shortfall at Second Death : ..... \$0

## Notes

- Prior gifts are not included in the amount to heirs.


## Estate Analysis Results Combined Summary

## Using What If Scenario 1 - Both Die today - Susan Predeceases Timothy, Both Dying in Virginia

-\$386,000

- Amount to Heirs :
$\$ 1,754,500$


## Amount to Heirs

Net Estate Value :
$\$ 1,754,500$

Bypass Trust :\$0
Other Life Insurance ..... \$0
Life Insurance To Charity : ..... \$0
Life Insurance in Trust ..... \$0
Other Previous Gifts : ..... $\$ 0$
Total Transfer to Heirs : ..... \$1,754,500
Cash Needed to Pay Tax and Expenses
Shortfall at First Death : ..... \$15,500
Shortfall at Second Death : ..... \$0

## Notes

- Prior gifts are not included in the amount to heirs.


## Estate Analysis Results Individual Detail

## Using What If Scenario 1 - Both Die today - Timothy Predeceases Susan <br> Timothy's Estate

| Gross Estate in 2020 | Current Estate |
| :--- | ---: |
| Total Deductions and Expenses | $\$ 1,545,000$ |
| Taxable Estate | $-\$ 1,545,000$ |
| Virginia State Estate Tax | $\$ 0$ |
| Federal Estate Tax | $\$ 0$ |
| Total Estate Taxes | $\$ 0$ |
| Bypass Trust - Remaining Personal Exclusion (DSUEA) | $\$ 0$ |
| Spousal Transfer | $\$ 1,526,300$ |
| Other Transfers | $\$ 0$ |

## Susan's Estate

| Gross Estate in 2020 | Current Estate |
| :--- | ---: |
| Total Deductions and Expenses | $\$ 2,106,300$ |
| Taxable Estate | $-\$ 370,500$ |
| Amount Transferred to Bypass Trust | $\$ 1,735,800$ |
| Virginia State Estate Tax | $\$ 0$ |
| Federal Estate Tax | $\$ 0$ |
| Total Estate Taxes | $\$ 0$ |

Current Estate

\$1,735,800

Amount to Heirs

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith Prepared by: Advisor Name
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Estate Analysis Results Individual Detail

## Using What If Scenario 1 - Both Die today - Susan Predeceases Timothy

Susan's Estate

|  | Current Estate |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Gross Estate in 2020 | $\$ 580,000$ |
| Total Deductions and Expenses | $-\$ 580,000$ |
| Taxable Estate | $\$ 0$ |
| Virginia State Estate Tax | $\$ 0$ |
| Federal Estate Tax | $\$ 0$ |
| Total Estate Taxes | $\$ 0$ |
| Bypass Trust - Remaining Personal Exclusion (DSUEA) | $\$ 0$ |
| Spousal Transfer | $\$ 04,500$ |
| Other Transfers | $\$ 0$ |
| Timothy's Estate | $\$ 2,125,000$ |
| Gross Estate in 2020 | Current Estate |
| Total Deductions and Expenses | $\$ 370,500$ |
| Taxable Estate | $\$ 1,754,500$ |
| Amount Transferred to Bypass Trust | $\$ 0$ |
| Virginia State Estate Tax | $\$ 0$ |
| Federal Estate Tax | $\$ 0$ |
| Total Estate Taxes | $\$ 0$ |

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith Prepared by: Advisor Name
$03 / 26 / 2020$

## Estate Analysis Results Flowchart

Using What If Scenario 1 - Both Die today - Timothy Predeceases Susan, Current Estate - Will without Bypass Trust


## Notes

- Gross Estate amounts may include the value of reverted gifts.
- Other Life Insurance includes policies where the first person to die is the owner and insured and the beneficiary of the policy is not the co-client or estate.
- Gross Estate amounts do not include the value of prior gifts.
- The Bypass Trust may not be fully funded to the available estate exemption equivalent amount due to prior gifts, titling of assets, insufficient resources, and/or other bequests.

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.

## Estate Analysis Results Flowchart

Using What If Scenario 1 - Both Die today - Susan Predeceases Timothy, Current Estate - Will without Bypass Trust


## Notes

- Gross Estate amounts may include the value of reverted gifts.
- Other Life Insurance includes policies where the first person to die is the owner and insured and the beneficiary of the policy is not the co-client or estate.
- Gross Estate amounts do not include the value of prior gifts.
- The Bypass Trust may not be fully funded to the available estate exemption equivalent amount due to prior gifts, titling of assets, insufficient resources, and/or other bequests.

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Star Track

## Star Track

Star Track History


The Star Track History graph illustrates the progress you've made toward attaining your Goals over time. Each bar reflects the projected results of your Recommended Plan, as recorded on the date indicated. Data in each bar can differ substantially in assets included, goal values, and other underlying data. Patterned bars, if shown, were created automatically and may reflect asset values that were not fully updated.

The shows the Probability of Success for your Recommended Scenario.
The (c) shows the Probability of Success for your Current Scenario.

The Total Goal Spending graph provides a quick view of how your Goals have changed over time. The graph plots the Total Goal Spending required to fund all of your Goals. Each set of data points corresponds to a bar in the Star Track History graph above.

The shows the Total Goal Spending for your Recommended Scenario. The © shows the Total Goal Spending for your Current Scenario.

## Net Worth and Investment Portfolio



This graph shows your Net Worth and Investment Portfolio values at each date recorded.

Star Track is not intended to track the performance of assets included in your Plan. Refer to official statements you receive from the product sponsor for accurate account values.

See Important Disclosure Information section in this Report for explanations of assumptions, limitations, methodologies, and a glossary.
Prepared for : Timothy and Susan Smith $\quad$ Prepared by: Advisor Name

## Glossary

## Glossary

## Aspirational Cash Reserve Strategy

This optional strategy simulates setting aside funds to establish an account to fund goals outside of your plan. These funds are segmented out of the investment portfolio and are never spent. Rather, the assets are grown based on the specified investment option and the potential balances are displayed. Generally, this strategy is included when you have excess funds after fulfilling your financial goals and used to create a legacy or to fund discretionary objectives.

## Asset Allocation

Asset Allocation is the process of determining what portions of your portfolio holdings are to be invested in the various asset classes.

## Asset Class

Asset Class is a standard term that broadly defines a category of investments. The three basic asset classes are Cash, Bonds, and Stocks. Bonds and Stocks are often further subdivided into more narrowly defined classes. Some of the most common asset classes are defined below.

## Cash and Cash Alternatives

Cash typically includes bank accounts or certificates of deposit, which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to a limit per account. Cash Alternatives typically include money market securities, U.S. treasury bills, and other investments that are readily convertible to cash, have a stable market value, and a very short-term maturity. U.S. Treasury bills are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government and, when held to maturity, provide safety of principal. (See the "Risks Inherent in Investing" section in this Important Disclosure Information for a summary of the risks associated with investing in cash alternatives.)

## Bonds

Bonds are either domestic (U.S.) or global debt securities issued by either private corporations or governments. (See the "Risks Inherent in Investing" section in this Important Disclosure Information for a summary of the risks associated with investing in bonds. Bonds are also called "fixed income securities.")

Domestic government bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government and have superior liquidity and, when held to maturity, safety of principal. Domestic corporate bonds carry the credit risk of their issuers and thus usually offer additional yield. Domestic government and corporate bonds can be sub-divided based upon their term to maturity. Short-term bonds have an approximate term to maturity of 1 to 5 years; intermediate-term bonds have an approximate term to maturity of 5 to 10 years; and, long-term bonds have an approximate term to maturity greater than 10 years.

## Stocks

Stocks are equity securities of domestic and foreign corporations. (See the "Risks Inherent in Investing" section in this Important Disclosure Information for a summary of the risks associated with investing in stocks.)

Domestic stocks are equity securities of U.S. corporations. Domestic stocks are often sub-divided based upon the market capitalization of the company (the market value of the company's stock). "Large cap" stocks are from larger companies, "mid cap" from the middle range of companies, and "small cap" from smaller, perhaps newer, companies. Generally, small cap stocks experience greater market volatility than stocks of companies with larger capitalization. Small cap stocks are generally those from companies whose capitalization is less than $\$ 500$ million, mid cap stocks those between $\$ 500$ million and $\$ 5$ billion, and large cap over $\$ 5$ billion.
Large cap, mid cap and small cap may be further sub-divided into "growth" and "value" categories. Growth companies are those with an orientation towards growth, often characterized by commonly used metrics such as higher price-to-book and price-to-earnings ratios. Analogously, value companies are those with an orientation towards value, often characterized by commonly used metrics such as lower price-to-book and price-to-earnings ratios.
International stocks are equity securities from foreign corporations. International stocks are often sub-divided into those from "developed " countries and those from "emerging markets. " The emerging markets are in less developed countries with emerging economies that may be characterized by lower income per capita, less developed infrastructure and nascent capital markets. These "emerging markets" usually are less economically and politically stable than the "developed markets." Investing in international stocks involves special risks, among which include foreign exchange volatility and risks of investing under different tax, regulatory and accounting standards.

## Glossary

## Asset Mix

Asset Mix is the combination of asset classes within a portfolio, and is usually expressed as a percentage for each asset class.

## Base Inflation Rate

The Base Inflation Rate is the default inflation rate in the Program. You can adjust this rate in financial goal expenses, retirement income sources, savings rates, and in each What If scenario. Also see "Inflation Rate."

## Bear Market Loss

The Bear Market Loss shows how a portfolio would have been impacted during the Great Recession (November 2007 through February 2009) or the Bond Bear Market (July 1979 through February 1980). The Bear Market Loss shows: 1) either the Great Recession Return or the Bond Bear Market Return, whichever is lower, and 2) the potential loss, if you had been invested in this cash-bond-stock-alternative portfolio during the period with the lower return. See Bear Market Test, Great Recession Return, and Bond Bear Market Return.

## Bear Market Test

The Bear Market Test, included in the Stress Tests, examines the impact on your Plan results if a Bear Market Loss occurred this year. The Bear Market Test shows the likelihood that you could fund your Needs, Wants and Wishes after experiencing such an event. See Bear Market Loss.

## Bond Bear Market Return

The Bond Bear Market Return is the rate of return for a cash-bond-stock-alternative portfolio during the Bond Bear Market (July 1979 through February 1980), the worst bear market for bonds since the Great Depression. MoneyGuidePro shows a Bond Bear Market Return for your Current, Risk-based, and Target Portfolios, calculated using historical returns of four broad-based asset class indices. See Great Recession Return.

## Cash Receipt Schedule

A Cash Receipt Schedule consists of one or more years of future after-tax amounts received from the anticipated sale of an Other Asset, exercising of Stock Options grants, or proceeds from Restricted Stock grants.

## Composite Portfolio

The Composite Portfolio provides an aggregated view of your Target Portfolio along with any assets that are considered to be unavailable for reallocation.

## Concentrated Position

A Concentrated Position is when your portfolio contains a significant amount (as a percentage of the total portfolio value) in individual stock or bonds. Concentrated Positions have the potential to increase the risk of your portfolio.

## Confidence Zone

See Monte Carlo Confidence Zone.

## Current Dollars

The Results of MoneyGuidePro calculations are in Future Dollars. To help you compare dollar amounts in different years, we also express the Results in Current Dollars, calculated by discounting the Future Dollars by the sequence of inflation rates used in the Plan.

## Current Portfolio

Your Current Portfolio is comprised of all the investment assets you currently own (or a subset of your assets, based on the information you provided for this Plan), categorized by Asset Class and Asset Mix.

## Expense Adjustments

When using historical returns, some users of MoneyGuidePro include Expense Adjustments. These adjustments (which are specified by the user) reduce the return of the affected Asset Classes and are commonly used to account for transaction costs or other types of fees associated with investing. If Expense Adjustments have been used in this Report, they will be listed beside the historical indices at the beginning of this Report.

## Fund All Goals

Fund All Goals is one of two ways for your assets and retirement income to be used to fund your goals. The other is Earmark, which means that an asset or retirement income is assigned to one or more goals, and will be used only for those goals. Fund All Goals means that the asset or income is not earmarked to fund specific goals, and can be used to fund any goal, as needed in the calculations.

## Future Dollars

Future Dollars are inflated dollars. The Results of MoneyGuidePro calculations are in Future Dollars. To help you compare dollar amounts in different years, we discount the Future Dollar amounts by the inflation rates used in the calculations and display the Results in the equivalent Current Dollars.

## Glossary

## Great Recession Return

The Great Recession Return is the rate of return for a cash-bond-stock-alternative portfolio during the Great Recession (November 2007 through February 2009), the worst bear market for stocks since the Great Depression. MoneyGuidePro shows a Great Recession Return for your Current, Risk-based, and Target Portfolios, calculated using historical returns of four broad-based asset class indices. See Bond Bear Market Return.

## Inflation Rate

Inflation is the percentage increase in the cost of goods and services for a specified time period. A historical measure of inflation is the Consumer Price Index (CPI). In MoneyGuidePro, the Inflation Rate is selected by your advisor, and can be adjusted in different scenarios.

## Liquidity

Liquidity is the ease with which an investment can be converted into cash.

## Locked Asset

An asset is considered to be locked by the software if it is unavailable to be reallocated to the Target Portfolio. Any account that has been indicated as locked, as well as specific account types such as Variable Annuity with a Guaranteed Minimum Withdrawal Benefit are considered locked.

## Model Portfolio Table

The Model Portfolio Table is the portfolio(s) that could be appropriate for you, based upon the risk-based portfolio.

## Monte Carlo Confidence Zone

The Monte Carlo Confidence Zone is the range of probabilities that you (and/or your advisor) have selected as your target range for the Monte Carlo Probability of Success in your Plan. The Confidence Zone reflects the Monte Carlo Probabilities of Success with which you would be comfortable, based upon your Plan, your specific time horizon, risk profile, and other factors unique to you.

## Monte Carlo Probability of Success / Probability of Failure

The Monte Carlo Probability of Success is the percentage of trials of your Plan that were successful. If a Monte Carlo simulation runs your Plan 1,000 times, and if 600 of those runs are successful (i.e., all your goals are funded and you have at least \$1 of Safety Margin), then the Probability of Success for that Plan, with all its underlying assumptions, would be $60 \%$, and the Probability of Failure would be $40 \%$.

## Monte Carlo Simulations

Monte Carlo simulations are used to show how variations in rates of return each year can affect your results. A Monte Carlo simulation calculates the results of your Plan by running it many times, each time using a different sequence of returns. Some sequences of returns will give you better results, and some will give you worse results. These multiple trials provide a range of possible results, some successful (you would have met all your goals) and some unsuccessful (you would not have met all your goals).

## Needs / Wants / Wishes

In MoneyGuidePro, you choose an importance level from 10 to 1 (where 10 is the highest) for each of your financial goals. Then, the importance levels are divided into three groups: Needs, Wants, and Wishes. Needs are the goals that you consider necessary for your lifestyle, and are the goals that you must fulfill. Wants are the goals that you would really like to fulfill, but could live without. Wishes are the "dream goals" that you would like to fund, although you won't be too dissatisfied if you can't fund them. In MoneyGuidePro, Needs are your most important goals, then Wants, then Wishes.

## Portfolio Set

A Portfolio Set is a group of portfolios that provides a range of risk and return strategies for different investors.

## Portfolio Total Return

A Portfolio Total Return is determined by weighting the return assumption for each Asset Class according to the Asset Mix. Also see "Expense Adjustments."

## Probability of Success / Probability of Failure

See Monte Carlo Probability of Success / Probability of Failure.

## Real Return

The Real Return is the Total Return of your portfolio minus the Inflation Rate.

## Recommended Scenario

The Recommended Scenario is the scenario selected by your advisor to be shown on the Results page and in Play Zone.

## Glossary

## Retirement Cash Reserve Strategy

This optional strategy simulates creating a cash account to provide funding for near-term goal expenses. You select the number of years of Needs, Wants, and Wishes to be included in the cash account. The Program then funds the Retirement Cash Reserve with the designated amounts, and simulates rebalancing your remaining investments to match the selected Target Portfolio.

## Retirement Start Date

For married couples, retirement in MoneyGuidePro begins when both the client and spouse are retired. For single, divorced, or widowed clients, retirement begins when the client retires.

## Risk

Risk is the chance that the actual return of an investment, asset class, or portfolio will be different from its expected or average return.

## Risk-based Portfolio

The risk-based portfolio is the Model Portfolio associated with the risk score you selected

## Safety Margin

The Safety Margin is the hypothetical portfolio value at the end of the Plan, based on all the inputs and assumptions included in this Report. A Safety Margin of zero indicates the portfolio was depleted before the Plan ended. The Safety Margin does not protect you or your Target Portfolio from investment losses, and, as with all other results in the Plan, is not guaranteed.

## Standard Deviation

Standard Deviation is a statistical measure of the volatility of an investment, an asset class, or a portfolio. It measures the degree by which an actual return might vary from the average return, or mean. Typically, the higher the standard deviation, the higher the potential risk of the investment, asset class, or portfolio

## Star Track

Star Track provides a summary of your Plan results over time, using a bar graph. Each bar shows the Monte Carlo Probability of Success for your Recommended Scenario, on the date specified, compared to the Monte Carlo Probability of Success for a scenario using all Target values.

## Target Goal Amount

The Target Goal Amount is the amount you would expect to spend, or the amount you would like to spend, for each financial goal.

## Target Portfolio

Target Portfolio is the portfolio you have selected based upon your financial goals and your risk tolerance.

## Target Retirement Age

Target Retirement Age is the age at which you would like to retire

## Target Savings Amount

In the Resources section of MoneyGuidePro, you enter the current annual additions being made to your investment assets. The total of these additions is your Target Savings Amount

## Time Horizon

Time Horizon is the period from now until the time the assets in this portfolio will begin to be used.

## Total Return

Total Return is an assumed, hypothetical growth rate for a specified time period. The Total Return is either (1) the Portfolio Total Return or (2) as entered by you or your advisor. Also see "Real Return."

## Wants

See "Needs / Wants / Wishes"

## Willingness

In MoneyGuidePro, in addition to specifying Target Goal Amounts, a Target Savings Amount, and Target Retirement Ages, you also specify a Willingness to adjust these Target values. The Willingness choices are Very Willing, Somewhat Willing, Slightly Willing, and Not at All.

## Wishes

See "Needs / Wants / Wishes"

## Worst One-Year Loss

The Worst One-Year Loss is the lowest annual return that a portfolio with the specified asset mix and asset class indices would have received during the historical period specified.


[^0]:    $x$ - denotes shortfall

[^1]:    * The benefit amount may include an after-tax portion that has been grossed up to reflect its pre-tax value.

[^2]:    * The benefit amount may include an after-tax portion that has been grossed up to reflect its pre-tax value.

[^3]:    * The benefit amount may include an after-tax portion that has been grossed up to reflect its pre-tax value.

